

**Predpisy notifikované v Dohode o uplatňovaní sanitárnych a fyto-sanitárnych opatrení (SPS WTO)
27. týždeň roku 2023**

Číslo/Dátum	Notifikujúca strana	Charakteristika notifikácie	Pripomienková doba
G/SPS/N/CAN/1516 03/07/2023	Canada	<p><i>Pesticide ethalfluralin in or on Jerusalem artichokes (ICS codes: 65.020, 65.100, 67.040, 67.080)</i></p> <p>Proposed Maximum Residue Limit: Ethalfluralin (PMRL2023-28)</p> <p>The objective of the notified document PMRL2023-28 is to consult on the listed maximum residue limit (MRL) for ethalfluralin that has been proposed by Health Canada's Pest Management Regulatory Agency (PMRA).</p>	26/08/2023
G/SPS/N/CAN/1517 03/07/2023	Canada	<p><i>Pesticide ethalfluralin in or on dry common beans (Phaseolus spp.) (ICS codes: 65.020, 65.100, 67.040, 67.060)</i></p> <p>Proposed Maximum Residue Limit: Ethalfluralin (PMRL2023-29)</p> <p>The objective of the notified document PMRL2023-29 is to consult on the listed maximum residue limits (MRLs) for ethalfluralin that have been proposed by Health Canada's Pest Management Regulatory Agency (PMRA).</p>	26/08/2023
G/SPS/N/CAN/1518 03/07/2023	Canada	<p><i>Pesticide fludioxonil in or on sugar beet roots (ICS codes: 65.020, 65.100, 67.040, 67.080)</i></p> <p>Proposed Maximum Residue Limit: Fludioxonil (PMRL2023-34)</p> <p>The objective of the notified document PMRL2023-34 is to consult on the listed maximum residue limit (MRL) for fludioxonil that has been proposed by Health Canada's Pest Management Regulatory Agency (PMRA).</p>	10/09/2023
G/SPS/N/CAN/1519 03/07/2023	Canada	<p><i>Beta-Glucanase, Cellulase, and Xylanase from Rasamsonia emersonii in a variety of foods (ICS codes: 67.220.20)</i></p> <p>Notice of Modification to the List of Permitted Food Enzymes to Enable the Use of beta-Glucanase, Cellulase, and Xylanase from Rasamsonia emersonii in a Variety of Foods.</p> <p>Health Canada's Food Directorate completed a premarket safety assessment of a food additive submission seeking approval for the use of beta-(β)-glucanase, cellulase and xylanase from <i>Rasamsonia emersonii</i> in various foods. The results of the premarket assessment support the safety of β-glucanase, cellulase and xylanase from <i>R. emersonii</i> for its requested uses. Consequently, Health Canada has enabled the use of β-glucanase, cellulase and xylanase from this source as described in the information document below by modifying the List of Permitted Food Enzymes, effective 28 June 2023. The purpose of the information document is to publicly announce the Department's decision in this regard and to provide the appropriate contact information for those wishing to submit an inquiry or new scientific information relevant to the safety of these food additives.</p>	10/09/2023
G/SPS/N/EU/650 03/07/2023	European Union	<p><i>Preparations of a kind used in animal feeding (HS code(s): 2309)</i></p> <p>Draft Commission Implementing Regulation correcting and amending Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/1421 concerning the authorisation of expressed orange</p>	01/09/2023

essential oil, distilled orange essential oil and folded orange oils from *Citrus sinensis*(L.) Osbeck as feed additives for all animal species, Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/652 concerning the authorisation of bitter orange extract as a feed additive for certain animal species, Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/1490 concerning the authorisation of expressed lemon essential oil, residual fraction of expressed lemon oil distilled, distilled lemon essential oil (volatile fraction) and distilled lime essential oil as feed additives for certain animal species, and Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/320 concerning the authorisation of expressed mandarin essential oil as a feed additive for poultry, pigs, ruminants, horses, rabbits and salmonids (Text with EEA relevance).

The use as feed additives of the following substances was authorized for ten years: expressed orange essential oil, distilled orange essential oil and folded orange oils from *Citrus sinensis*(L.) Osbeck by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/1421; bitter orange extract by Implementing Regulation (EU)2022/652; expressed lemon essential oil, residual fraction of expressed lemon oil distilled, distilled lemon essential oil (volatile fraction) and distilled lime essential oil by Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/1490; and expressed mandarin essential oil by Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/320. However, several aspects of these authorisations need to be corrected to accurately reflect the conclusions of the scientific opinions adopted by the European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) for each additive, mainly:—for expressed orange essential oil, distilled orange essential oil, folded orange oils, bitter orange extract, expressed lemon essential oil, residual fraction of expressed lemon oil distilled, distilled lime essential oil and expressed mandarin essential oil: addition in each corresponding table of the annexes to the above mentioned acts of a new entry to authorise the use for all animal species other than those already mentioned in the table, except dogs, cats, ornamental fish and ornamental birds;—for distilled lemon essential oil (volatile fraction): addition in the table of the annex of a new entry to authorise the use for all animal species other than those already mentioned in the table.

[G/SPS/N/ESP/10](#)
03/07/2023

Spain

Medicamentos veterinarios

01/09/2023

Real Decreto por el que se regula la Distribución, Prescripción, Dispensación Y Uso De Medicamentos Veterinarios.

Regular las obligaciones de la distribución mayorista, venta minorista, venta por internet de medicamentos no sujetos a prescripción, condiciones para la realización de prescripciones veterinarias y las restricciones de uso de antimicrobianos, así como establecer las obligaciones en el uso de medicamentos en las explotaciones ganaderas.

[G/SPS/N/USA/3399](#)
03/07/2023

United
States of
America

Multiple commodities

26/07/2023

Receipt of Several Pesticide Petitions Filed for Residues of Pesticide Chemicals in or on Various Commodities. Notice of filing of petitions and request for comment.

This document announces the Agency's receipt of several initial filings of pesticide petitions requesting the

		establishment or modification of regulations for residues of pesticide chemicals in or on various commodities.	
G/SPS/N/BRA/2184 06/07/2023	Brazil	<i>Environment. Health protection. Safety (ICS code(s): 13)</i> Draft Resolution 1172, 29 June 2023. This draft resolution is regarded the proposal for inclusion of active ingredient P73: Paenibacillus azotofixans on the Monograph List of Active Ingredients for Pesticides, Household Cleaning Products and Wood Preservers, published by Normative Instruction 103 -19 October 2021 on the Brazilian Official Gazette (DOU -Diário Oficial da União).	01/09/2023
G/SPS/N/BRA/2185 06/07/2023	Brazil	<i>Environment. Health protection. Safety (ICS code(s): 13)</i> Draft Resolution 1173, 30 June 2023. This draft resolution is regarded the proposal for inclusion of active ingredient B66 -BICYCLOPIRON on the Monograph List of Active Ingredients for Pesticides, Household Cleaning Products and Wood Preservers, published by Normative Instruction 103 -19 October 2021 on the Brazilian Official Gazette (DOU -Diário Oficial da União).	01/09/2023
G/SPS/N/EU/651 06/07/2023	European Union	<i>Cereals (HS codes: 1001, 1002, 1003, 1004, 1005, 1006, 1007, 1008), foodstuffs of animal origin (HS codes: 0201, 0202, 0203, 0204, 0205, 0206, 0207, 0208, 0209, 0210) and certain products of plant origin, including fruit and vegetables</i> Draft Commission Regulation amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards maximum residue levels for thiacloprid in or on certain products (Text with EEA relevance). The proposed draft Regulation concerns the update of existing MRLs for thiacloprid in certain food commodities. The proposed changes are based upon reasoned opinions of the European Food Safety Authority (EFSA). Lower MRLs are set after deleting old uses which are not authorised any more in the European Union or for which a human health concern may not be excluded.	04/09/2023
G/SPS/N/EU/652 06/07/2023	European Union	<i>Cereals (HS codes: 1001, 1002, 1003, 1004, 1005, 1006, 1007, 1008), foodstuffs of animal origin (HS codes: 0201, 0202, 0203, 0204, 0205, 0206, 0207, 0208, 0209, 0210) and certain products of plant origin, including fruit and vegetables</i> Draft Commission Regulation amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards maximum residue levels for haloxyfop in or on certain products (Text with EEA relevance). The proposed draft Regulation concerns the update of existing MRLs for haloxyfop in certain food commodities. The proposed changes are based upon reasoned opinions of the European Food Safety Authority (EFSA). Lower MRLs are set after deleting old uses which are not authorised any more in the European Union or for which a human health concern may not be excluded.	04/09/2023
G/SPS/N/KAZ/136 06/07/2023	Kazakhstan	<i>Live pig and boar semen, pork meat, leather, horn and intestinal raw materials, bristles, hunting trophies, feed and feed additives, used equipment for transporting pigs</i>	

Letter of the Committee for Veterinary Control and Surveillance of the Ministry of Agriculture of Kazakhstan on the introduction of temporary restrictions on the importation and transit to the territory of Kazakhstan from the Krasnoyarsk region of the Russian Federation of live pig and boar semen, pork meat, leather, horn and intestinal raw materials, bristles, hunting trophies, feed and feed additives, used equipment for transporting pigs.

The Committee for Veterinary Control and Surveillance of the Ministry of Agriculture of Kazakhstan reports that on the basis of the official notification of the World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH), an outbreak of African swine fever was registered in the Krasnoyarsk region of the Russian Federation. In this regard, since 28 March 2023, temporary restrictions have been introduced on the importation and transit (with the exception of the goods specified in article 15.1.2 of the Land Animal Health Code of the WOAH) to the territory of Kazakhstan from the Krasnoyarsk region of the Russian Federation of live pigs and boar semen, pork meat, including from wild boars, and its processed products that have not undergone heat treatment (at least 70°C with at least 30 minutes), leather, horn and intestinal raw materials, bristles, hunting trophies obtained from susceptible animal species, feed and feed additives for animals of vegetable and animal origin, including poultry and fish, feed additives for cats and dogs that have not undergone heat treatment (at a temperature not lower than 70°C with at least 30 minutes), used equipment for transporting pigs, products and raw materials of animal origin, keeping, slaughter and butchering of pigs. With regard to the above goods shipped before 28 March 2023, the decision to let them pass is made in the usual manner.

[G/SPS/N/KAZ/137](#)
06/07/2023

Kazakhstan

Live poultry and hatching eggs, down and feathers, poultry meat and all types of poultry products, feed and feed additives for birds, hunting trophies, used equipment for keeping, slaughtering and butchering birds

Letter of the Committee for Veterinary Control and Surveillance of the Ministry of Agriculture of Kazakhstan on the introduction of temporary restrictions on the importation to the territory of Kazakhstan from the territories of Rhineland-Palatinate and Schleswig-Holstein of Germany of live poultry and hatching eggs, down and feathers, poultry meat and all types of poultry products, feed and feed additives for birds, hunting trophies, used equipment for keeping, slaughtering and butchering birds susceptible to highly pathogenic avian influenza virus (HPAI), as well as transit through the territory of Kazakhstan of live birds susceptible to highly pathogenic avian influenza virus (HPAI).

The Committee for Veterinary Control and Surveillance of the Ministry of Agriculture of Kazakhstan reports that on the basis of the official notification of the World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH), an outbreak of highly pathogenic avian influenza virus (HPAI) was registered in the territories of Rhineland-Palatinate and Schleswig-Holstein of Germany. In this regard, since 28 March 2023, temporary restrictions have been introduced on the importation to the territory of Kazakhstan from the

territories of Rhineland-Palatinate and Schleswig-Holstein of Germany of live poultry and hatching eggs, down and feathers, poultry meat and all types of poultry products that have not undergone heat treatment (at least 70 °C), feed and feed additives for birds (except for feed additives of chemical and microbiological synthesis), hunting trophies that have not undergone taxidermic treatment (feathered game), the former used equipment for keeping, slaughtering and butchering birds susceptible to highly pathogenic avian influenza virus (HPAI), as well as transit through the territory of Kazakhstan of livebirds susceptible to highly pathogenic avian influenza virus (HPAI). With regard to the above goods shipped before 28 March 2023, the decision to let them pass is made in the usual manner.

[G/SPS/N/KAZ/138](#)
06/07/2023

Kazakhstan *Live poultry and hatching eggs, down and feathers, poultry meat and all types of poultry products, feed and feed additives for birds, hunting trophies, used equipment for keeping, slaughtering and butchering birds*

Letter of the Committee for Veterinary Control and Surveillance of the Ministry of Agriculture of Kazakhstan on the introduction of temporary restrictions on the importation to the territory of Kazakhstan from the territories of England, Scotland and Wales of the United Kingdom of Great Britain of live poultry and hatching eggs, down and feathers, poultry meat and all types of poultry products, feed and feed additives for birds, hunting trophies, used equipment for keeping, slaughtering and butchering birds susceptible to highly pathogenic avian influenza virus (HPAI), as well as transit through the territory of Kazakhstan of live birds susceptible to highly pathogenic avian influenza virus (HPAI).

The Committee for Veterinary Control and Surveillance of the Ministry of Agriculture of Kazakhstan reports that on the basis of the official notification of the World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH), an outbreak of highly pathogenic avian influenza virus (HPAI) was registered in the territories of England, Scotland and Wales of the United Kingdom of Great Britain. In this regard, since 30 March 2023, temporary restrictions have been introduced on the importation to the territory of Kazakhstan from the territories of England, Scotland and Wales of the United Kingdom of Great Britain of live poultry and hatching eggs, down and feathers, poultry meat and all types of poultry products that have not undergone heat treatment (at least 70 °C), feed and feed additives for birds (except for feed additives of chemical and microbiological synthesis), hunting trophies that have not undergone taxidermic treatment (feathered game), the former used equipment for keeping, slaughtering and butchering birds susceptible to highly pathogenic avian influenza virus (HPAI), as well as transit through the territory of Kazakhstan of live birds susceptible to highly pathogenic avian influenza virus (HPAI). With regard to the above goods shipped before 30 March 2023, the decision to let them pass is made in the usual manner.

[G/SPS/N/KAZ/139](#)
06/07/2023

Kazakhstan *Live poultry and hatching eggs, poultry meat and all types of poultry products, feed and feed additives, used equipment for keeping, slaughtering and butchering birds*

Letter of the Committee for Veterinary Control and Surveillance of the Ministry of Agriculture of Kazakhstan on the introduction of temporary restrictions on the importation to the territory of Kazakhstan from the territory of the Republic of Moldova of live poultry and hatching eggs, poultry meat and all types of poultry products susceptible to Newcastle disease, as well as transit through the territory of Kazakhstan of live birds susceptible to Newcastle disease.

The Committee for Veterinary Control and Surveillance of the Ministry of Agriculture of Kazakhstan reports that on the basis of the official notification of the World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH), an outbreak of Newcastle disease was registered in the territory of the Republic of Moldova. In this regard, since 28 March 2023, temporary restrictions have been introduced on the importation to the territory of Kazakhstan from the territory of the Republic of Moldova of live poultry and hatching eggs, poultry meat and all types of poultry products that have not undergone heat treatment (at least 70 °C), feed and feed additives for birds (with the exception of feed additives of plant origin, chemical and microbiological synthesis), as well as used equipment for keeping, slaughtering and butchering birds susceptible to Newcastle disease, as well as transit through the territory of Kazakhstan of live birds susceptible to Newcastle disease. With regard to the above goods shipped before 28 March, 2023, the decision to let them pass is made in the usual manner.

[G/SPS/N/KAZ/140](#)
06/07/2023

Kazakhstan

Live poultry and hatching eggs, down and feathers, poultry meat and all types of poultry products, feed and feed additives for birds, hunting trophies, used equipment for keeping, slaughtering and butchering birds

Letter of the Committee for Veterinary Control and Surveillance of the Ministry of Agriculture of Kazakhstan on the introduction of temporary restrictions on the importation to the territory of Kazakhstan from the Denizli region of Türkiye of live poultry and hatching eggs, down and feathers, poultry meat and all types of poultry products, feed and feed additives for birds, hunting trophies, used equipment for keeping, slaughtering and butchering birds susceptible to highly pathogenic avian influenza virus (HPAI), as well as transit through the territory of Kazakhstan of live birds susceptible to highly pathogenic avian influenza virus (HPAI).

The Committee for Veterinary Control and Surveillance of the Ministry of Agriculture of Kazakhstan reports that on the basis of the official notification of the World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH), an outbreak of highly pathogenic avian influenza virus (HPAI) was registered in the Denizli region of Türkiye. In this regard, since 10 March 2023, temporary restrictions have been introduced on the importation to the territory of Kazakhstan from the Denizli region of Türkiye of live poultry and hatching eggs, down and feathers, poultry meat and all types of poultry products that have not undergone heat treatment (at least 70 °C), feed and feed additives for birds (except for feed additives of chemical and microbiological synthesis), hunting trophies that have not undergone taxidermic

treatment (feathered game), the former used equipment for keeping, slaughtering and butchering birds susceptible to highly pathogenic avian influenza virus (HPAI), as well as transit through the territory of Kazakhstan of live birds susceptible to highly pathogenic avian influenza virus (HPAI). With regard to the above goods shipped before 10 March 2023, the decision to let them pass is made in the usual manner.

[G/SPS/N/KAZ/141](#)
06/07/2023

Kazakhstan

Live cattle, blood and blood-containing products of cattle, beef on bones, beef offal, intestinal raw materials, beef, boneless beef, processed proteins

Letter of the Committee for Veterinary Control and Surveillance of the Ministry of Agriculture of Kazakhstan on the introduction of temporary restrictions on the importation to the territory of Kazakhstan from Brazil of livecattle, blood and blood-containing products of cattle, beef on bones, beef offal, intestinal raw materials, beef, boneless beef, processed proteins susceptible to bovine spongiform encephalopathy, as well as transit through the territory of Kazakhstan of live cattle susceptible to bovine spongiform encephalopathy.

The Committee for Veterinary Control and Surveillance of the Ministry of Agriculture of Kazakhstan reports that on the basis of the official notification of the World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH), an outbreak of bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) was registered in Brazil. In this regard, since 10 March 2023, temporary restrictions have been introduced on the importation to the territory of Kazakhstan from Brazil of live cattle, blood and blood-containing products of cattle, beef on the bone, beef by-products, intestinal raw materials obtained from cattle, with the exception of peeled shells, beef obtained by mechanical deboning, boneless beef obtained from cattle older than 30 months, processed cattle protein intended for in feed for productive animals and feed for productive animals, which include processed cattle proteins, with the exception of milk proteins susceptible to bovine spongiform encephalopathy, as well as transit through the territory of Kazakhstan of live cattle susceptible to bovine spongiform encephalopathy. With regard to the above goods shipped before 10 March 2023, the decision to let them pass is made in the usual manner.

[G/SPS/N/NPL/42](#)
06/07/2023

Nepal

Plant and plant products and any medium that supports the growth or act as carrier of plant pest or diseases

Plant Protection (First Amendment) Rules, 2080.

The Government of Nepal has revised the Plant Protection Rules 2009 and the revised part of the Rule is notified herewith.

[G/SPS/N/SAU/511](#)
06/07/2023

Saudi
Arabia,
Kingdom of

Equine

Notice of the Ministry of Environment Water and Agriculture, Decision No. 247841 dated 29 June 2023 entitled "Temporary Ban imposed on importation of equine, embryos, ova and sperm originated from France". The Ministry of Environment Water and Agriculture is imposing temporary ban on the importation of equine, embryos, ova and sperm originated from France.

[G/SPS/N/AUS/568](#)
07/07/2023

Australia

Foods (bivalve molluscs) sold in Australia (both imported and domestically produced)

05/09/2023

Assessment (Call for Submissions report and supporting document(s)) for Application A1243 Harmonisation of marine biotoxin standards for bivalve shellfish.

To align with international standards and to protect public health and safety, FSANZ has drafted an amendment to the Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code to amend the maximum levels (MLs) for diarrhetic shellfish toxins (DST) and paralytic shellfish toxins (PST) with the equivalent MLs set by the Codex Alimentarius Commission (Codex) and with those set in New Zealand. MLs for marine biotoxins are necessary in order to protect public health and safety, as marine biotoxins cause serious and sometimes long-term toxicity in humans. The proposed changes are:

- Lower the ML for DST, expressed as okadaic acid equivalent, from 0.20 to 0.16 mg/kg in bivalve molluscs;
- Define PST in mg saxitoxin dihydrochloride equivalents/kg rather than mg saxitoxin equivalents/kg. The net effect of this change to a more specific reporting unit is to lower the ML for PST from 0.8 to approximately 0.6 mg/kg.

All applications to change the Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code, must be assessed in the context of the following objectives:

- a. the protection of public health and safety;
 - b. the provision of adequate information relating to food to enable consumers to make informed choices; and
 - c. the prevention of misleading or deceptive conduct.
- FSANZ must also have regard to the promotion of consistency between domestic and international food standards.

[G/SPS/N/EU/653](#)
07/07/2023

European
Union

Cereals (HS codes: 1001, 1002, 1003, 1004, 1005, 1006, 1007, 1008), foodstuffs of animal origin (HS codes: 0201, 0202, 0203, 0204, 0205, 0206, 0207, 0208, 0209, 0210) and certain products of plant origin, including fruit and vegetables
Draft Commission Regulation amending Annexes II and V to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards maximum residue levels for indoxacarb in or on certain products (Text with EEA relevance).

05/09/2023

The proposed draft Regulation concerns the review of existing MRLs for indoxacarb in certain food commodities following the non-approval of indoxacarb in the European Union. Lower MRLs are set after deleting old uses which are not authorised any more in the European Union. MRLs in certain commodities for which a human health concern may not be excluded are also lowered.

[G/SPS/N/EU/654](#)
07/07/2023

European
Union

Cereals (HS codes: 1001, 1002, 1003, 1004, 1005, 1006, 1007, 1008), foodstuffs of animal origin (HS codes: 0201, 0202, 0203, 0204, 0205, 0206, 0207, 0208, 0209, 0210) and certain products of plant origin, including fruit and vegetables
Draft Commission Regulation amending Annexes II, III and V to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards maximum residue levels for desmedipham, etridiazole, flurtamone, profoxydim, difenacoum and potassium permanganate in or on certain products (Text with EEA relevance).

05/09/2023

The proposed draft Regulation concerns the review of existing MRLs for desmedipham, etridiazole, flurtamone,

profoxydim, difenacoum and potassium permanganate in certain food commodities following the non-approval of these substances in the European Union. Lower MRLs for etridiazole are set after deleting old uses which are not authorised any more in the European Union, and the values of the limits of determination specific to each product are updated in line with technical progress.

[G/SPS/N/NZL/725](#)
07/07/2023

New
Zealand

Grain and seeds for consumption, feed, and processing
Import health standard: Grain and Seeds for Consumption, Feed or Processing.

This notification relates to the minor amendment to the import health standard: Grain and Seeds for Consumption, Feed or Processing. The amendment includes clarifying the rate at which grains must be sampled to allow for the inspection for contaminant seeds. The seed sampling certificate requirements in Part 1.5.3 of the standard have therefore been amended. This clarification provides clarified for imports, minimising delays in the direction and/or release of grains. This amendment did not change the import requirements and was considered as an administrative change.

[G/SPS/N/NZL/726](#)
07/07/2023

New
Zealand

Fresh pineapple (Ananas comosus)

05/09/2023

Importation and Clearance of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables into New Zealand.

The import health standard: Fresh Pineapple (Ananas comosus) for Human Consumption allows the importation of fresh pineapple fruit into New Zealand from recognised countries. The new commodity standard will replace the followings schedules in the standard 152.02. Importation and Clearance of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables into New Zealand:

- Pineapple, Ananas comosus, Australia
- Pineapple, Ananas comosus, Ecuador
- Pineapple, Ananas comosus, Fiji
- Pineapple, Ananas comosus, New Caledonia
- Pineapple, Ananas comosus, Philippines
- Pineapple, Ananas comosus, Thailand
- Pineapple, Ananas comosus, Vanuatu

The new commodity standard will also replace the following standards:

- Import Health Standard Commodity Sub-class: Fresh Fruit/Vegetables Pineapple, Ananas comosus from Ecuador
- Import Health Standard Commodity Sub-class: Fresh Fruit/Vegetables Pineapple, Ananas comosus from Fiji
- Import Health Standard Commodity Sub-class: Fresh Fruit/Vegetables Pineapple, Ananas comosus from Thailand
- Import Health Standard Commodity Sub-class: Fresh Fruit/Vegetables Pineapple, Ananas comosus from Vanuatu

The new commodity standard also includes new market access for fresh pineapple (Ananas comosus) from Cook Islands, Costa Rica, Indonesia, Malaysia, Papua New Guinea, Panama, Samoa, Sri Lanka, Chinese Taipei, and Tonga.

[G/SPS/N/NZL/727](#)
07/07/2023

New
Zealand

Foods (bivalve molluscs) sold in New Zealand (both imported and domestically produced)

16/08/2023

Assessment (Call for Submissions report and supporting document(s)) for Application A1243 Harmonisation of marine biotoxin standards for bivalve shellfish.

To align with international standards and to protect public health and safety, FSANZ has drafted an amendment to the Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code to amend the maximum levels (MLs) for diarrhetic shellfish toxins (DST) and paralytic shellfish toxins (PST) with the equivalent MLs set by the Codex Alimentarius Commission (Codex) and with those set in New Zealand. MLs for marine biotoxins are necessary in order to protect public health and safety, as marine biotoxins cause serious and sometimes long term toxicity in humans. The proposed changes are:

- Lower the ML for DST, expressed as okadaic acid equivalent, from 0.20 to 0.16 mg/kg in bivalve molluscs;
- Define PST in mg saxitoxin dihydrochloride equivalents/kg rather than mg saxitoxin equivalents/kg. The net effect of this change to a more specific reporting unit is to lower the ML for PST from 0.8 to approximately 0.6 mg/kg.

All applications to change the Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code, must be assessed in the context of the following objectives: (a) the protection of public health and safety; (b) the provision of adequate information relating to food to enable consumers to make informed choices; and (c) the prevention of misleading or deceptive conduct. FSANZ must also have regard to the promotion of consistency between domestic and international food standards.

[G/SPS/N/UKR/204](#)
07/07/2023

Ukraine

Fruit juice, fruit juice from concentrate, concentrated fruit juice, dehydrated/powdered fruit juice, fruit nectar 05/09/2023

Draft Order of the Ministry of Agrarian Policy and Food of Ukraine "On Approval of Requirements for Fruit Juices and Certain Similar Products".

The draft Order provides for the approval of requirements for terminology, quality characteristics, marking, labeling of fruit juices and certain similar food products in order to ensure the smooth functioning of the market as well as to create conditions for informing consumers about the characteristics of these products, in particular by means of their labeling. The draft Order also provides that fruit juices and some similar food products that meet the requirements that were in force before the entry into force of this Order, but do not meet the provisions of the Requirements for fruit juices and some similar food products approved by this Order, may be in circulation for three years from the date of entry into force of this Order. Such food products may be in circulation until the final date of consumption or the expiration of the minimum shelf life. The draft Order developed in order to implement EU legislation. The draft Order is also notified under the TBT Agreement.