### Predpisy notifikované v Dohode o uplatňovaní sanitárnych a fytosanitárnych opatrení (SPS WTO) 31. týždeň roku 2024

Gisps/N/AUS/592 29/07/2024  Australia  Genetically modified food and food derived from new 27 breeding techniques (NBTs) Proposal P1055 - Definitions for gene technology and new breeding techniques -2ndCall for Submissions and Supporting documents.  Proposal P1055 proposes to amend the definitions for 'food produced using gene technology' and 'gene technology' in the Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code (the Code) to ensure it is clear what foods are genetically modified (GM) for Code purposes, while also ensuring that foods are regulated according to the risk they pose. FSANZ has prepared a draft variation to the Code, which extends across six food standards and four schedules. Key aspects include:  •Repealing the existing definitions for 'food produced using gene technology' and 'gene technology' and replacing them with a new definition for 'genetically modified food' based around the presence of novel DNA in the organism from which the food is derived;  •Explicit exclusions from the GM food definition for substances added to food, substances used in cell culture media for the production of cell-cultured food, and food from null segregant organisms and grafted plants;  •New definitions for 'novel DNA', 'novel protein' and 'null segregant'.  The primary objective of the Proposal is to ensure clarity on which foods are GM foods for Code purposes, while also accommodating new and emerging technologies for genetic modification and changes in the international regulatory context. The proposed amendments would provide a clear definition for GM food for enforcement purposes and reduce uncertainty about which foods require pre-market assessment as GM foods, while continuing to protect public health and safety. No transition period is proposed. The proposed variations to the six Standards and four Schedules are:  •unlikely to have any impact on products currently on the market; or	7/09/2024
The standard 12 month stock in trade provisions in the Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code will apply. We are notifying other aspects of these measures under the Technical Barriers to Trade Agreement.	
G/SPS/N/ECU/351 29/07/2024  Ecuador  Resolución 0085: Establecimiento de requisitos fitosanitarios obligatorios para la importación de follaje de helecho cuero (Rumohraadiantiformis) para uso ornamental, originario de Guatemala.  Establecimiento de requisitos fitosanitarios obligatorios para la importación de follaje de helecho cuero (Rumohra adiantiformis) para uso ornamental, originario de Guatemala.	27/09/2024
G/SPS/N/ECU/352 Ecuador Follaje de coprosma (Coprosma repens) 27/29/07/2024	27/09/2024

Resolución 0086: Establecimiento de requisitos fitosanitarios obligatorios para la importación de follaje de coprosma (Coprosma repens) para uso ornamental, originario de Guatemala.

Establecimiento de requisitos fitosanitarios obligatorios para la importación de follaje de coprosma (Coprosma repens) para uso ornamental, originario de Guatemala.

G/SPS/N/KAZ/175 29/07/2024 Kazahstan

Feed additives

27/09/2024

#### Draft Decision of the Council of the Eurasian Economic Commission on the Rules for regulation of the circulation of feed additives in the customs territory of the Eurasian Economic Union.

The draft provides for the approval of the Rules for regulation of the circulation of feed additives in the customs territory of the Eurasian Economic Union (hereinafter -the Union), which include:

- -a unified procedure for the registration of feed additives, as well as other procedures related to registration;
- -a unified procedure for assessing the quality, safety and efficiency of feed additives and criteria for their assessment; -unified principles of information interaction in organizing and conducting state control (supervision) in the sphere of feed additives circulation;
- -unified forms of registration documents;
- -a unified register of feed additives registered under unified Union rules;—a unified information database on low-quality, unsafe feed additives, falsified and (or) counterfeit feed additives detected within the framework of state control (supervision) in the sphere of feed additives circulation;
- -a unified information database on adverse reactions in animals detected during the use of feed additives;
- -a unified register of producers of feed additives, the production of which is recognized as complying with the unified requirements of the Union.

<u>G/SPS/N/SAU/537</u> 29/07/2024 Saudi Arabia, Kingdom of Poultry meat, eggs and their products

Notice of Administration Order of Saudi Food and Drug Authority Ref. No. 2819 dated 23 July 2024 entitled "Temporary ban on importation of poultry meat, eggs and their products originating from Rio Grande do Sul in Brazil".

Following the WOAH report dated 18 July 2024, a Newcastle disease outbreak has occurred in Rio Grande do Sul in Brazil. In compliance with the World Organization for Animal Health (WOAH), Terrestrial Animal Health Code Chapter 10.9, it is deemed necessary for the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia to prevent the entry of Newcastle disease into the country. Therefore, the import of poultry meat, eggs and their products (with the exception of processed poultry meat and egg products exposed to either heat or other treatments that ensure deactivation of Newcastle disease) from Rio Grande do Sul in Brazil to the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia is temporarily suspended.

G/SPS/N/NZL/771 30/07/2024 New Zealand Dried and preserved plant material

### Import health standard: Dried and Preserved Plant Material

This notification relates to amendments to the Import Health Standard: Dried and Preserved Plant Material following public consultation on removing inspection and certification requirements for Pacific-style handwoven mats or tapa mats (including fine mats) and reference to Pandanusspp. from the standard. This amendment will facilitate trade of tapa mats and fine mats and reduce the costs for importers.

G/SPS/N/NZL/772 30/07/2024

New Zealand Nursery stock

12/09/2024

#### **Importation of Nursery Stock 155.02.06**

The Ministry for Primary Industries aims to focus resources on maintaining nursery stock import pathways that are of biggest benefit to importers and exporters. Therefore, we propose suspending import pathways for nursery stock species that have not been used for many years. About 60% of eligible plant genera have not been imported for over 25 years. A further 13% of eligible plant genera have not been imported since 2013. As a result, the import requirements for these genera have not been maintained. Therefore, they pose biosecurity risk to New Zealand. The detail for each plant genus is in the documents linked below in section 9.The Ministry for Primary Industries is also amending the format of the import health standard Importation of Nursery Stock 155.02.06. The format change aims to make the standard more userfriendly and will not change requirements of any open pathways. Thename of the standard will also change to Plants for Planting 155.02.06to reflect terminology used in our newer import health standards.

G/SPS/N/UKR/225 Ukraine 30/07/2024

Flours, meals and pellets, of meat or meat offal, of fish 28/09/2024 or of crustaceans, molluscs or other aquatic invertebrates, unfit for human consumption; greaves (HS code(s): 2301); Bran, sharps and other residues, whether or not in the form of pellets, derived from the sifting, milling or other working of cereals or of leguminous plants (HS code(s): 2302); Residues of starch manufacture and similar residues, beetpulp, bagasse and other waste of sugar manufacture, brewing or distilling dregs and waste, whether or not in the form of pellets (HS code(s): 2303); Oil-cake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of soyabean oil (HS code(s): 2304); Oil-cake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of ground-nut oil (HS code(s): 2305); Oilcake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of vegetable or microbial fats or oils (excl. from soyabean oil and groundnut oil) (HS code(s): 2306); Vegetable materials and vegetable waste, vegetable residues and by-products, whether or not in the form of pellets, of a kind used in animal feeding, not elsewhere specified or included (HS code(s): 2308); Preparations of a kind used in animal feeding (HS code(s): 2309); Animal feeding stuffs (ICS code(s): 65.120)

#### Draft Order of the Ministry of Agrarian Policy and Food of Ukraine "On Approval of the List of Limited or Prohibited Substances in Animal Feed".

The draft Order proposes to approve the list of substances, the presence of which in feed is limited or prohibited. The draft Order also mandates recognizing the Order of the Ministry of Agrarian Policy and Food of Ukraine No. 131 "On Approval of the List of Maximum Permissible Levels of Undesirable Substances in Fodder and Fodder Raw Materials for Animals" of 19 March 2012 as invalid. The draft Order is based on Directive 2002/32/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 May 2002 on undesirable substances in animal feed, as well as Commission Recommendation of 11 October 2004 on the monitoring of background levels of dioxins and dioxin-like PCBs in foodstuffs and Commission Recommendation of 17 August 2006 on the presence of deoxynivalenol, zearalenone, ochratoxin A, T-2 and HT-2 and fumonisins in products intended for animal feeding.

G/SPS/N/NZL/773 31/07/2024 New Zealand Genetically modified food and food derived from new 28/09/2024 breeding techniques (NBTs)

# Proposal P1055 -Definitions for gene technology and new breeding techniques -2ndCall for Submissions and Supporting documents.

Proposal P1055 proposes to amend the definitions for 'food produced using gene technology' and 'gene technology' in the Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code (the Code) to ensure it is clear what foods are genetically modified (GM) for Code purposes, while also ensuring that foods are regulated according to the risk they pose.

FSANZ has prepared a draft variation to the Code, which extends across six food standards and four schedules. Key aspects include:

-Repealing the existing definitions for 'food produced using gene technology' and 'gene technology' and replacing them with a new definition for 'genetically modified food' based around the presence of novel DNA in the organism from which the food is derived;

-Explicit exclusions from the GM food definition for substances added to food, substances used in cell culture media for the production of cell-cultured food, and food from null segregant organisms and grafted plants;

-New definitions for 'novel DNA', 'novel protein' and 'null segregant'.

The primary objective of the Proposal is to ensure clarity on which foods are GM foods for Code purposes, while also accommodating new and emerging technologies for genetic modification and changes in the international regulatory context. The proposed amendments would provide a clear definition for GM food for enforcement purposes and reduce uncertainty about which foods require pre-market assessment as GM foods, while continuing to protect public health and safety. No transition period is proposed. The proposed variations to the six Standards and four Schedules are:

-unlikely to have any impact on products currently on the market; or

-are deregulatory in nature and provide exemptions to current requirements for products on the market.

The standard 12 month stock in trade provisions in the Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code will apply. We are notifying other aspects of these measures under the Technical Barriers to Trade Agreement.

G/SPS/N/PRY/37 31/07/2024 Paraguay

Productos y subproductos vegetales

Resolución "Por la cual se establecen criterios para el cumplimiento de límites máximos de residuos (LMR) de plaguicidas en productos y subproductos vegetales". La resolución tiene por objeto establecer los criterios y referencias de límites máximos de residuos (LMR) de plaguicidas para productos y subproductos vegetales a fin garantizar la protección de la salud de los consumidores a la

vez de evitar obstáculos innecesarios para el comercio de los

G/SPS/N/RUS/287 31/07/2024 Russian Federation productos.

Live sheep and goats; products produced from meat of sheep and goats; milk and milk products; feed of animal origin and other raw materials and products obtained from sheep and goats slaughter with exception of production subject to the use of technologies providing destruction of PPR in accordance with the provisions of Chapter14.7 of the OIE Terrestrial Animal Health Code (HS code(s): 0104; 0106; 0204; 0206; 0210; 0401; 0402; 0403; 0404; 0405; 0406; 0506; 0507; 051199; 1502; 1503; 1505; 1506; 151610; 1518; 1601; 1602; 1603; 190220)

Letter by the Federal Service for Veterinary and Phytosanitary Surveillance No. FS-ARe-7/6052-3 of 30 July 2024.

The Federal Service for Veterinary and Phytosanitary Surveillance (Rosselkhoznadzor) introduced a temporary restriction on import and transportation through the territory of the Russian Federation of live sheep and goats; products produced from meat of sheep and goats from Romania due to the outbreak of ovine rinderpest.

<u>G/SPS/N/ALB/209</u> Albania 01/08/2024 Plants, plants products and other objects

#### Draft law "On plant health"

The draft law aims to determine the rules for determining phytosanitary risks from pests and to guarantee the protection of the plants health, plant products and other objects in Albania. The main purpose of this draft law is to take care of the health and conservation of these important resources, as well as to prevent the entry and spread of quarantine and regulated non-quarantine pests in the territory of the country. This measure aims to ensure that plants, plant products and other objects are protected from pests that can destroy these resources or reduce their quality. This is an important step in conserving biodiversity and securing natural resources that are essential for food, the environment and the economy. To achieve this goal, this draft law aims to create a strong and effective legal basis to protect the health of plants, plant products and other objects. In particular, this draft law aims to ensure an effective system of monitoring and control of pests, as well as to establish the necessary measures to prevent their entry into the country's territory. This draft law considered as an important link in the food chain and in the preservation of the environment. Through the rules and measures defined in this draft law, it is intended to ensure that plants and plant products are safe and healthy for consumers and remain sustainable resources for the future. The draft law "On plant health" is approximation of the Regulation (EU) 2016/2031.

<u>G/SPS/N/BRA/2317</u> Brazil 01/08/2024

Cineraria seeds (Cineraria maritima)

5

30/09/2024

SDA/MAPA ORDINANCE No. 1.153, of 19 July 2024 -Establishes the phytosanitary requirements for the import of cineraria seeds (Cinerariamaritima) from Mexico.

The phytosanitary requirements for the import of cineraria seeds (Cineraria maritima), Category 4, produced in the Mexico are established.

G/SPS/N/CRI/279 01/08/2024 Costa Rica

Cajanus cajan(código(s) del SA: 071360)

30/09/2024

Proyecto de Resolución para regular la importación de semillas para siembra de Gandul (Cajanus cajan) originarias de India.

Establece las medidas fitosanitarias para la importación de semillas para siembra de gandul (Cajanus cajan) originarias de India

G/SPS/N/EU/789 01/08/2024 European Union

*Metribuzin* (pesticide active substance)

Draft Commission Implementing Regulation concerning the non-renewal of the approval of the active substance metribuzin, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council, and amending Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 and Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/408.

This draft Commission Implementing Regulation provides that the approval of the active substance metribuzin is not renewed in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009. EU member States shall withdraw authorizations for plant protection products containing metribuzin as an active substance. The non-renewal of approval is based on the first evaluation of the substance for use as a pesticide active substance in the European Union under Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009. The substance was formerly assessed and approved under Directive 91/414/ EEC.In order for an active substance to be approved in accordance with Regulation (EC) No1107/2009 (concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market), it must be demonstrated that the substance is not harmful to human health, animal health or the environment. Criteria are listed in Article 4 of the Regulation (and also detailed in Annex II thereto) which must be met to enable approval. During the evaluation and peer-review of metribuzin, a number of concerns and areas that could not be finalized were identified. These are detailed in the statement of the European Food Safety Authority (EFSA). Metribuzin meets the criteria in point 3.6.5 of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 to be identified as an endocrine disruptor for the thyroid (T)-modality for humans and it has not been demonstrated that the exposure of humans to that active substance in a plant protection product, under realistic proposed conditions of use, is negligible.Bystander resident exposure estimates exceed the established A(AOEL) value for all representative uses evaluated. The available higher tier studies for bees were not sufficient to exclude a high risk to bees. These concerns mean that metribuzin does not meet the approval criteria as outlined in Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009.

Existing authorizations will need to be withdrawn; EU member States must withdraw existing plant protection products containing metribuzin at the latest by six months from the date of entry into force. A period of grace

in line with Article 46 of Regulation 1107/2009 is allowed for and shall expire at the latest 12 months from the entry into force (allowing for a final season of use); Protection of human health or safety; Protection of animal or plant life or health; Protection of the environmentThis decision only concerns the placing on the market of this substance and plant protection products containing it. Following nonapproval and the expiry of all grace periods for stocks of products containing this substance, separate action will likely be taken on MRLs and a separate notification will be made in accordance with SPSprocedures. This draft Commission Implementing Regulation was also notified under the TBTAgreement in notice G/TBT/N/EU/1076.

<u>G/SPS/N/IND/309</u> India 01/08/2024

Food

30/09/2024

## DraftFood Safety and Standards (Food Products Standards and Food Additives) Amendment Regulations, 2024.

The DraftFood Safety and Standards (Food Product Standards and Food Additives) Amendment Regulations, 2024 is related to standards for Ultra-pasteurisation, Flavoured milk, Milk powder and cream powder, Dairy Whitener, Fermented Milk Products, Chakka, Whey Protein Concentrate, Whey Protein Isolate, Rapeseed oil, Hazelnut oil, Pistachio oil, Walnut oil, Coconut Testa Oil, Textured soy protein, Imitation chocolate, Ice Lollies/Edible Ices, High Fructose Corn Syrup (HFCS), Saffron, Juniper berries, Appendix A and Appendix C.

<u>G/SPS/N/IND/310</u> India 01/08/2024

Food

30/09/2024

## DraftFood Safety and Standards (Food Products Standards and Food Additives) Amendment Regulations, 2024.

TheDraftFood Safety and Standards (Food Products Standards and Food Additives) Amendment Regulations, 2024 is related to standards for Synthetic Syrup for use in Dispensers for carbonated water, Culinary Pastes/Fruits and Vegetable Sauces Other Than Tomato Sauce and Soya Sauce, Whole Maize (Corn) Flour, Ragi Flour, Mixed millet flour, Flattened rice, Rice flour, Canned Fishery product, Edible rock salt, Edible black salt, Carbonated beverages and Carbonated water, Appendix A and AppendixB.

<u>G/SPS/N/IDN/150</u> Indonesia 01/08/2024

Primary food commodities of plant origin (Plant and plant 30/09/2024 products)

#### Draft Regulation of the National Food Agency of the Republic of Indonesia on Maximum Levels of Contaminant in Primary Foods Commodities.

This Regulation is intended to serve as a standard or reference for food business operators, who wish to distribute/sell primary food commodities in the domestic market of Indonesia. This Regulation specifies the maximum level of contaminants for Primary food commodities of plant origin, i.e. microbiological (Salmonella, Listeria monocytogenes, Shiga Toxin producing Eschericia coli(STEC), and Bacillus cereus); heavy metals (Arsenic, Cadmium, and Lead); and mycotoxins (Aflatoxin B1, Aflatoxin total, Fumonisin, and Ochratoxin A). Compliance with the maximum level of contaminants would be determined by quantitative laboratory

tests. The date of entry into force would be the same as the date of publication. However, there is a grace period of 12 months to comply with the Regulation for all primary food commodities that have been put in the market before the publication date of this Regulation.

G/SPS/N/TZA/367 01/08/2024 Tanzania

Residues and waste from the food industries; Prepared animal 30/09/2024 fodder (HS code(s): 23); Agriculture (ICS code(s): 65)

DARS 1825-1:2024, Hay as animal feed —Part 1: Rhodes and natural grass hay —Specification, First Edition.

This Draft African Standard specifies the requirements, sampling and test methods for Rhodes and natural grass hay used as animal feed.

Note: This Draft African Standard was also notified under TBT Committee.

G/SPS/N/TZA/368 01/08/2024 Tanzania

Residues and waste from the food industries; Prepared animal 30/09/2024 fodder (HS code(s): 23); Agriculture (ICS code(s): 65)

DARS 1825-2:2024, Hay as animal feed —Part 2: Alfalfa (Lucerne) hay —Specification, First Edition.

This Draft African Standard specifies the requirements, sampling and test methods for alfalfa (lucerne) hay used as animal feed.

Note: This Draft African Standard was also notified under TBT Committee.

<u>G/SPS/N/TZA/369</u> Tanzania 01/08/2024 Residues and waste from the food industries; Prepared animal 30/09/2024 fodder (HS code(s): 23); Agriculture (ICS code(s): 65)

DARS 1844:2024, Dried insect products for compounded animal feeds—Specification, First Edition.

This Draft African Standard specifies the requirements, sampling, and test methods for dried insect products as animal feed ingredient.

Note: This Draft Tanzania Standard was also notified under TBT Committee.

<u>G/SPS/N/TZA/370</u> Tanzania 01/08/2024 Residues and waste from the food industries; Prepared animal 30/09/2024 fodder (HS code(s): 23); Agriculture (ICS code(s): 65)

DARS 1843:2024, Production and handling of edible insects for food and feed —Code of practice, First Edition.

This Draft African Standard provides guidelines for sustainable establishment and operation of domesticated edible insects production, harvesting and post harvesting handling for food and feed.

Note: This Draft Tanzania Standard was also notified under TBT Committee.

<u>G/SPS/N/TZA/371</u> Tanzania 01/08/2024 Residues and waste from the food industries; Prepared animal 30/09/2024 fodder (HS code(s): 23); Agriculture (ICS code(s): 65)

DARS 1830:2024, Compounded goat and sheep feed — Specification, First Edition.

This Draft African standard specifies the requirements, methods of sampling and test for compounded goat and sheep feeds.

Note: This Draft Tanzania Standard was also notified under TBT Committee.

#### Draft Law "On Animal Health"

This law defines the rules for the prevention and control of animal diseases that are transmissible to animals or humans. This law aims to determine:

(a)the organization according to the priorities of the classification of diseases and the definition of responsibilities in the field of animal health (Part I: Articles 1 to 17);

(b)timely detection, notification and reporting of diseases, surveillance, eradication programs and disease-free status (Part II: Articles 18 to 42);

(c)awareness, preparation and disease control (Part III: Articles 43 to 83);

(d)registration and approval of establishments and transporters, movements and traceability of animals, reproductive material and products of animal origin within the territory of Albania (Part IV: Articles 84 to 228; and Part VI: Articles 244 to 248 and 251 to 255);

(e)the entry of animals, reproductive material and products of animal origin into Albania and their export from Albania (Part V: Articles 229 to 243; and Part VI: Articles 244 to 246 and 251 to 255);

(f)movements for non-commercial purposes of companion animals entering or leaving the country, from another country or its territory (Part VI: Articles 244 to 255);

(g)emergency measures to be taken in the event of an emergency situation relating to a disease (Part VII: Articles 256 to 261).

Draft Law "On Animal Health Law" is approximated with Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2016 on transmissible animal diseases and amending and repealing certain acts in the area of animal health ('Animal Health Law').

<u>G/SPS/N/AUS/593</u> Australia 02/08/2024

Fish and fish products

01/10/2024

### Updates to sanitary certificates for exports from Australia of fish and fish products

Australia is replacing the current Export Documentation System (EXDOC) with a system called the Next Export Documentation System (NEXDOC). NEXDOCis designed to make Australia's export documentation system more over time and responsive to changes in trade conditions. Australia's export documentation for fish and fish products will soon transition to the department's NEXDOC system. These goods are the next commodities to transition after dairy, which transitioned in 2021, honey and apiculture products in 2022 and eggs, in 2023. The planned changes do not affect the agreed conditions or attestations for market access, bilaterally agreed information about the consignment details, or the department's regulatory controls over exports. However, there are minor changes to grammar, spelling, and the location of some of the information on the certificate. In addition, the new certificates will have unique Quick Response (QR) The QR codes provide consignment specific information which border officials can use to confirm authenticity of the certificate in real-time. To verify the QR code, border officials scan the code through the official's smart phone camera.

The department proposes the new export certificates be issued for:

•Australian exports of fish and fish products.

This will commence from 30 September 2024. There will be a transition period where both the old and new certificates will be in use to allow for transit time (air and sea freight) to the port of destination. Australia is allowing a sixty days comment period.

<u>G/SPS/N/THA/745</u> 02/08/2024 Thailand

Live domestic pigs and wild pigs and their carcasses

The DLD order on temporary suspension of the importation or transit of live domestic pigs and wild pigs and their carcasses from the Philippines to prevent the spread of African Swine Fever

According to the announcement of the Government Gazette dated 26 April 2024, the suspension for the importation or transit of live domestic pigs and wild pigs and their carcasses from the Philippines, has expired on 26 July 2024. However, the WOAH has reported a continued outbreak of African Swine Fever in the area of the Philippines. Therefore, it is necessary for Thailand to prevent the entry of African Swine Fever disease into the country. By the virtue of the Animal Epidemics Act B.E. 2558 (2015), the importation or transit of live domestic pigs and wild pigs and their carcasses from the Philippines is temporarily suspended for a period of 90 days after the date of publication in the Thai Royal Gazette.

G/SPS/N/THA/746 02/08/2024 Thailand

Live domestic pigs and wild pigs and their carcasses

The DLD order on temporary suspension of the importation or transit of live domestic pigs and wild pigs and their carcasses from the Republic of Korea to prevent the spread of African Swine Fever

According to the announcement of the Government Gazette dated 26 April 2024, the suspension for the importation or transit of live domestic pigs and wild pigs and their carcasses from the Republic of Korea, has expired on 26 July 2024. However, the WOAH has reported a continued outbreak of African Swine Fever in the area of the Republic of Korea. Therefore, it is necessary for Thailand to prevent the entry of African Swine Fever disease into the country. By the virtue of the Animal Epidemics ActB.E. 2558 (2015), the importation or transit of live domestic pigs and wild pigs and their carcasses from the Republic of Korea is temporarily suspended for a period of 90days after the date of publication in the Thai Royal Gazette

<u>G/SPS/N/THA/747</u> 02/08/2024

Thailand

Live domestic pigs and wild pigs and their carcasses

The DLD order on temporary suspension of the importation or transit of live domestic pigs and wild pigs and their carcasses from Indonesia to prevent the spread of African Swine Fever.

According to the announcement of the Government Gazette dated 26 April 2024, the suspension for the importation or transit of live domestic pigs and wild pigs and their carcasses from Indonesia, has expired on 26 July 2024. However, the WOAH has reported a continued outbreak of African Swine Fever in the area of Indonesia. Therefore, it is necessary for Thailand to prevent the entry of African Swine

Fever disease into the country. By the virtue of the Animal Epidemics Act B.E. 2558 (2015), theimportation or transit of live domestic pigs and wild pigs and their carcasses from Indonesia is temporarily suspended for a period of 90 days after the date of publication in the Thai Royal Gazette.

<u>G/SPS/N/THA/748</u> Thailand 02/08/2024

Live domestic pigs and wild pigs and their carcasses

The DLD order on temporary suspension of the importation or transit of live domestic pigs and wild pigs and their carcasses from Poland to prevent the spread of African Swine Fever

According to the announcement of the Government Gazette dated 26 April 2024, the suspension for the importation or transit of live domestic pigs and wild pigs and their carcasses from Poland, has expired on 26 July 2024. However, the WOAH has reported a continued outbreak of African Swine Fever in the area of Poland. Therefore, it is necessary for Thailand to prevent the entry of African Swine Fever disease into the country. By the virtue of the Animal Epidemics Act B.E. 2558 (2015), theimportation or transit of live domestic pigs and wild pigs and their carcasses from Poland is temporarily suspended for a period of 90 days after the date of publication in the Thai Royal Gazette

<u>G/SPS/N/THA/749</u> 02/08/2024 Thailand

Live domestic pigs and wild pigs and their carcasses

The DLD order on temporary suspension of the importation or transit of live domestic pigs and wild pigs and their carcasses from Germany to prevent the spread of African Swine Fever

According to the announcement of the Government Gazette dated 26 April 2024, the suspension for the importation or transit of live domestic pigs and wild pigs and their carcasses from Germany, has expired on 26 July 2024. However, the WOAH has reported a continued outbreak of African Swine Fever in the area of Germany. Therefore, it is necessary for Thailand to prevent the entry of African Swine Fever disease into the country. By the virtue of the Animal Epidemics Act B.E. 2558 (2015), the importation or transit of live domestic pigs and wild pigs and their carcasses from Germany is temporarily suspended for a period of 90 days after the date of publication in the Thai Royal Gazette

<u>G/SPS/N/THA/750</u> Thailand 02/08/2024

Live domestic pigs and wild pigs and their carcasses

The DLD order on temporary suspension of the importation or transit of live domestic pigs and wild pigs and their carcasses from Myanmar to prevent the spread of African Swine Fever

According to the announcement of the Government Gazette dated 26 April 2024, the suspension for the importation or transit of live domestic pigs and wild pigs and their carcasses from Myanmar, has expired on 26 July 2024. However, Myanmar has no self-declaration for the recovery of country freedom from African Swine Fever from WOAH. Therefore, it is necessary for Thailand to prevent the entry of AfricanSwine Fever disease into the country. By the virtue of the Animal Epidemics Act B.E. 2558 (2015), the importation or transit of live domestic pigs and wild pigs and their carcasses from Myanmar is temporarily

suspended for a period of 90 days after the date of publication in the Thai Royal Gazette

G/SPS/N/THA/751 02/08/2024 Thailand

Live poultry and poultry carcasses

The DLD order on temporary suspension of the importation or transit of live poultry and poultry carcasses from the Philippines to prevent the spread of Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (Subtype H5N1).

According to the announcement of the Government Gazette dated 26 April 2024, the suspension for the importation or transit of live poultry and poultry carcasses from the Philippines, has expired on 26 July 2024. However, the WOAH has reported a continued outbreak of Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (HPAI) in the area of the Philippines. Therefore, it is necessary for Thailand to prevent the entry of Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (HPAI) disease into the country. By the virtue of the Animal Epidemics Act B.E. 2558 (2015), the importation or transit of live poultry and poultry carcasses from the Philippines is temporarily suspended for a period of 90 days after the date of publication in the Thai Royal Gazette

G/SPS/N/THA/752 02/08/2024 Thailand

Live poultry and poultry carcasses

The DLD order on temporary suspension of importation or transit of live poultry and poultry carcasses from Indiato prevent the spread of Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (Subtype H5N1)

According to the announcement of the Government Gazette dated 26 April 2024, the suspension for the importation or transit of live poultry and poultry carcasses from India, has expired on 26 July2024. However, the WOAH has reported a continued outbreak of Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (HPAI) in the area of India. Therefore it is necessary for Thailand to prevent the entry of Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (HPAI) disease into the country. By the virtue of Animal Epidemics ActB.E.2558 (2015), the importation or transit of live poultry and poultry carcasses from India is temporarily suspended for a period of 90 days after date of publication in the Thai Royal Gazette.

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Live poultry and poultry carcasses

The DLD order on temporary suspension of the importation or transit of live poultry and poultry carcasses from Germany to prevent the spread of Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (Subtype H7N5)

According to the announcement of the Government Gazette dated 26 April 2024, the suspension for the importation or transit of live poultry and poultry carcasses from Germany, has expired on 26 July 2024. However, the WOAH has reported a continued outbreak of Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (HPAI) in the area of Germany. Therefore, it is necessary for Thailand to prevent the entry of Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (HPAI) disease into the country. By the virtue of the Animal Epidemics ActB.E. 2558 (2015), the importation or transit of live poultry and poultry carcasses from Germany is temporarily suspended for a period of 90 days after the date of publication in the Thai Royal Gazette

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Live poultry and poultry carcasses

The DLD order on temporary suspension of the importation or transit of live poultry and poultry carcasses from the United States of America to prevent the spread of Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (Subtype H5N1)

According to the announcement of the Government Gazette dated 26 April 2024, the suspension for the importation or transit of live poultry and poultry carcasses from the United States of America, has expired on 26 July 2024. However, the WOAH reported Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (HPAI) in the area of the United States of America. Therefore, it is necessary for Thailand to prevent the entry of Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (HPAI) disease into the country. By the virtue of the Animal Epidemics Act B.E. 2558 (2015), the importation or transit of live poultry and poultry carcasses from the United States of America is temporarily suspended for a period of 90 days after the date of publication in the Thai Royal Gazette