Predpisy notifikované v Dohode o uplatňovaní sanitárnych a fytosanitárnych opatrení (SPS WTO) 36. týždeň roku 2022

Číslo/Dátum	Notifikujúca strana	Charakteristika notifikácie	Pripomienková doba
G/SPS/N/NZL/694 05/09/2022	New Zealand	Specified zoo crab Import Health StandardSpecified Zoo Crabs The Import Health Standard(IHS)specifies the minimum requirements that must be met when importing Japanese spider crab (Macrocheira kaempferi) from Japan, the coconut/robber crab (Birgus latro), red crab (Gecarcoidea natalis) and blue crab (Discoplax celeste) from Christmas Island, Australia. The IHS contains a model official certificate for the exporting Competent Authority to use.The Risk Management Proposal(RMP)mentions present risks associated with zoo crabs, outlines how options for the management of risk organisms have been assessed and provides recommendations for import requirements in relation to zoo crabs.	17/10/2022
<u>G/SPS/N/TUR/128</u> 05/09/2022	Türkiye	Rendered fats not intended for human consumption for certain purposes outside the feed chain, rendered fats not intended for human consumption to be used as feed material Veterinary Health Certificates for Exportation of Rendered Fats Not Intended for Human Consumption to be Used for Certain Purposes Outside the Feed Chain Material and for Exportation of Rendered Fats Not Intended for Human Consumption to be Used as Feed Material to the Republic of Türkiye Rules, procedures and models relating to veterinary health certificates are laid down by the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry in accordance with paragraph 7 of Article 31 of Law No. 5996 (G/SPS/N/TUR/9).Below veterinary health certificate models have been prepared partly in compliance with the Commission Regulation (EU) No. 142/2011 of 25 February 2011: -"Veterinary Health Certificate for Exportation ofRendered Fats Not Intended for Human Consumption to be Used for Certain Purposes Outside the Feed Chain Material to The Republic of Türkiye"; -"Veterinary Health Certificate for Exportation of Rendered Fats Not Intended for Human Consumption to be Used as Feed Material to The Republic of Türkiye";	04/11/2022
<u>G/SPS/N/USA/3346</u> 05/09/2022	United States of America	Multiple commodities Receipt of Several Pesticide Petitions Filed for Residues of Pesticide Chemicals in or on Various Commodities. Notice of filing of petitions and request for comment This document announces the Agency's receipt of several initial filings of pesticide petitions requesting the establishment or modification of regulations for residues of pesticide chemicals in or on various commodities.	29/09/2022
<u>G/SPS/N/EU/597</u> 06/09/2022	European Union	Meat and edible meat offal (HS code(s): 02); Cereals (HS code(s): 10) Draft Commission Regulation amending Annexes II and III to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards maximum	05/11/2022

		residue levels for isoxaben, novaluron and tetraconazole in or on certain products (Text with EEA relevance). The proposed draft Regulation concerns the review of existing MRLs for isoxaben, novaluron and tetraconazole in certain food commodities. MRLs for these substances in certain commodities are lowered or raised. Lower MRLs are set after deleting old uses which are not authorised any more in the European Union or for which a human health concern may not be excluded	
<u>G/SPS/N/NPL/37</u> 06/09/2022	Nepal	<i>Poultry feed</i> Proposed Standard for Poultry Feed. The Department of Food Technology and Quality Control, Ministry of Agriculture and Livestock Development has proposed poultry feed standard with the objective to regulate feed products in the country to ensure poultry health, safety of the poultry products and fair trade.	05/11/2022
<u>G/SPS/N/UKR/186</u> 06/09/2022	Ukraine	Release of the N-nitrosamines and N-nitrosatable substances from elastomer or rubber teats and soothers Draft Order of the Ministry of Health of Ukraine "On approval of the Criteria for release of the N-nitrosamines and N-nitrosatable substances from elastomer or rubber teats and soothers". The draft Order provides for the approval of the Criteria for the release of N-nitrosamines and N-nitrosatable substances from elastomer or rubber teats and soothers and prohibits, as of 1 January 2024, the sale and use of elastomer or rubber teats and soothers that do not meet the safety requirements set forth in Section II of the Criteria.The Criteria set requirements for certain safety indicators for rubber and elastomeric teats and soothers and apply to the release of N-nitrosamines and substances that can be converted to N-nitrosamines from teats and soothers made of elastomer or rubber.The draft Order harmonizes the provisions of Commission Directive93/11/EEC of 15March1993 concerning the release of the N-nitrosamines and N-nitrosatable substances from elastomer or rubber teats and soothers in order to ensure a high level of protection for the children's health.	
<u>G/SPS/N/GBR/20</u> 06/09/2022	United Kingdom	 Authorization of four novel food (NF) products and modification to the conditions of use of one novel food and specifications for its existing authorization. The four novel food products are: •3'-Sialyllactose (3'-SL) sodium salt •6'-Sialyllactose (6'-SL) sodium salt•Schizochytrium sp. (WZU477) oil •Schizochytrium sp. (FCC-3204)oil. The modification of one novel food is: •2'-Fucosyllactose/difucosyllactose mixture (2'-FL/DFL) (note this consists of a change to the conditions of use and specifications, not a new authorization). Authorization of four novel food products and a change to the conditions of use and specification. The UK Food Safety Authorities are notifying Members of an authorization of four novel food products for use in the GB market and a change to the conditions of use of one novel food and its specification for an existing authorization. The authorization served food products to be used as 	

components in infant follow-on formula.The following products are classified as "human-identical milk oligosaccharides (HiMOs)". The manufactured HiMOs are identical in structure to the same molecules present in breast milk.

o 3'-Sialyllactose (3'-SL) sodium salt,

o 6'-Sialyllactose (6'-SL) sodium salt.

Terms for entry to the list of authorized novel foods:

•Unflavoured pasteurised and unflavoured sterilised (including UHT) milk products

•Flavoured fermented milk-based products including heat-treaded products

•Unflavoured fermented milk-based products

•Beverages (flavoured drinks, excluding drinks with a pH less than 5)

Cereal bars

•Infant formula as defined under Retained EU Regulation 609/2013

•Follow-on formula as defined under Retained EU Regulation 609/2013

•Processed cereal-based drinks and baby food for infants and young children as defined under Retained EU Regulation 609/2013

•Milk-based drinks and similar products intended for young children

•Total diet replacement foods for weight control as defined in Retained EU Regulation 609/2013

•Food for special medical purposes as defined under Retained EU Regulation 609/2013 (only applicable to 3'-Sialyllactose (3'-SL) sodium salt)

•Food supplements as defined in the Food Supplements Regulation 2003 for England, excluding food supplements for infants and young children.

o 2'-Fucosyllactose/difucosyllactose mixture (2'-FL/DFL) (note this consists of a change to the conditions of use and specifications, not a new authorization)

•Milk-based drinks and similar products intended for young children.

The below products are Docosahexaenoic acid (DHA) rich oils derived from marine algae. DHA is mandatory in infant and follow-on formula in the UK under retained Commission Delegated Regulation 2016/127.o Schizochytrium sp. (WZU477) oil•Infant formula and follow-on formula as defined in retained Regulation (EU) No 609/2013.

o Schizochytrium sp. (FCC-3204) oil

•Food supplements as defined in The Food Supplements Regulations 2003 for England, excluding food supplements for infants and young children

•Infant and follow-on formula.

These authorizations are made on the basis of the uses and specifications set out in the consultations linked in section 9.

de medicamentos veterinarios que contengan

G/SPS/N/CRI/248
07/09/2022Costa RicaArsenic and arsenic compounds classified as substances06/11/202207/09/2022for veterinary medical usePROPUESTA DE RESOLUCIÓN SENASA-DMV-XX-
2022 -Dirección Nacional de Medicamentos Veterinarios
del Servicio Nacional de Salud Animal -Barreal de Ulloa,
Heredia a las *** horas del **** de ****del dos mil ****.
Prohibir la importación, fabricación, comercialización o

uso

arsénico o compuestos arsenicales(DraftResolution SENASA-DMV-XX-2022 -National Directorate for Veterinary Drugs, National Animal Health Service -Barreal de Ulloa, Heredia at (time) on (day) (year), prohibiting the importation, manufacture, marketing or use of veterinary drugscontaining arsenic or arsenic compounds)

The notified text prohibits the importation, manufacture, marketing or use of veterinary drugscontaining arsenic or arsenic compounds. It also stipulates that applications for the registration of veterinary drugs containing arsenic or arsenic compounds, or for the renewal or recognition of their registration, are to be rejected. Furthermore, it prohibits the importation of arsenic or arsenic compounds for veterinary use.

•Fish and crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic

07/09/2022 invertebrates (HS: 03.02, 03.03, 03.04, 03.06, 03.07 and 03.08)•Natural honey (HS: 04.09) •Edible vegetables and certain roots and tubers (HS: 07.07, 07.09 and 07.10) •Edible fruit and nuts, peel of citrus fruit (HS: 08.05, 08.06, 08.07, 08.08, 08.09, 08.10, 08.11 and 08.14) •Tea and spices (HS: 09.02, 09.04, 09.05, 09.06, 09.07, 09.08, 09.09 and 09.10) •Oilseeds and oleaginous fruits, miscellaneous grains, seeds and fruit (HS: 12.07) Revision of the Specifications and Standards for Foods, Food Additives, Etc. under the Food Sanitation Act (revision of agricultural chemical residue standards). Proposed maximum residue limits (MRLs) for the following agricultural chemicalPesticide: Acynonapyr •Meat and edible meat offal (HS: 02.01, 02.02, 02.03, 02.04, 06/11/2022 G/SPS/N/JPN/1097 Japan 07/09/2022 02.05, 02.06, 02.07, 02.08 and 02.09) •Dairy produce and birds' eggs (HS: 04.01, 04.07 and 04.08) •Animal originated products (HS: 05.04) •Edible vegetables and certain roots and tubers (HS: 07.01, 07.02, 07.03, 07.04, 07.05, 07.06, 07.07, 07.08, 07.09, 07.10, 07.13 and 07.14) •Edible fruit and nuts, peel of citrus fruit (HS: 08.01, 08.02, 08.03, 08.04, 08.05, 08.06, 08.07, 08.08, 08.09, 08.10, 08.11 and 08.14) •Tea, mate and spices (HS: 09.02, 09.03, 09.04, 09.05, 09.06, 09.07, 09.08, 09.09 and 09.10) •Cereals (HS: 10.01, 10.02, 10.03, 10.04, 10.05, 10.07 and 10.08) •Oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, miscellaneous grains, seeds and fruit (HS: 12.01, 12.02, 12.04, 12.05, 12.06, 12.07, 12.10 and 12.12) •Animal fats and oils (HS: 15.01, 15.02 and 15.06) Revision of the Specifications and Standards for Foods, Food Additives, Etc. under the Food Sanitation Act (revision of agricultural chemical residue standards). Proposal of maximum residue limits (MRLs) for the following agricultural chemicalPesticide: Fenarimol

G/SPS/N/JPN/1096

Japan

<u>G/SPS/N/JPN/1098</u> 07/09/2022	Japan	 Fish and crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebrates (HS: 03.02, 03.03, 03.04, 03.06, 03.07 and 03.08)•Natural honey (HS: 04.09) Edible vegetables and certain roots and tubers (HS: 07.02, 07.03, 07.04, 07.05, 07.06, 07.07, 07.08, 07.09, 07.10, 07.13 and 07.14) Edible fruit and nuts, peel of citrus fruit (HS: 08.05, 08.06, 08.07, 08.09, 08.10, 08.11 and 08.14) Tea, mate and spices (HS: 09.02, 09.03, 09.04, 09.05, 09.06, 09.07, 09.08, 09.09 and 09.10) Cereals (HS: 10.05) Oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, miscellaneous grains, seeds and fruit (HS: 12.01, 12.07 and 12.12) Revision of the Specifications and Standards for Foods, Food Additives, Etc. under the Food Sanitation Act (revision of agricultural chemical residue standards). Proposal of maximum residue limits (MRLs) for the following agricultural chemicalPesticide: Fluxametamide 	06/11/2022
<u>G/SPS/N/JPN/1099</u> 07/09/2022	Japan	 Meat and edible meat offal (HS: 02.01, 02.02, 02.03, 02.04, 02.05, 02.06, 02.07, 02.08 and 02.09) Dairy produce and birds' eggs (HS: 04.01, 04.07 and04.08) Animal originated products (HS: 05.04) Edible vegetables and certain roots and tubers (HS: 07.01, 07.02, 07.03, 07.04, 07.05, 07.06, 07.07, 07.08, 07.09, 07.10, 07.13 and 07.14) Edible fruit and nuts, peel of citrus fruit (HS: 08.01, 08.02, 08.03, 08.04, 08.05, 08.06, 08.07, 08.08, 08.09, 08.10, 08.11 and 08.14) Coffee, tea, mate and spices (HS: 09.01, 09.02, 09.03, 09.04, 09.05, 09.06, 09.07, 09.08, 09.09 and 09.10) Cereals (HS: 10.01, 10.03, 10.04, 10.05 and 10.06) Oil seeds and oleaginous fruits,miscellaneous grains, seeds and fruit (HS: 12.01, 12.02, 12.05, 12.06, 12.07, 12.10 and 12.12) Animal or vegetable fats and oils (HS: 15.01, 15.02, 15.06, 15.12 and 15.14) Revision of the Specifications and Standards for Foods, Food Additives, Etc. under the Food Sanitation Act (revision of agricultural chemical residue standards). Proposal of maximum residue limits (MRLs) for the following agricultural chemicalPesticide: Glufosinate 	06/11/2022
<u>G/SPS/N/JPN/1100</u> 07/09/2022	Japan	 Meat and edible meat offal (HS: 02.01, 02.02, 02.03, 02.04, 02.05, 02.06, 02.07, 02.08 and 02.09) Dairy produce and birds' eggs (HS: 04.01, 04.07 and04.08) Animal originated products (HS: 05.04) Edible vegetables and certain roots and tubers (HS: 07.01, 07.02, 07.03, 07.04, 07.05, 07.06, 07.07, 07.08, 07.09, 07.10, 07.13 and 07.14) Edible fruit and nuts, peel of citrus fruit (HS: 08.01, 08.02, 08.05, 08.06, 08.07, 08.08, 08.09, 08.10, 08.11 and 08.14) Mate and spices (HS: 09.03, 09.04, 09.05, 09.06, 09.07, 09.08, 09.09 and 09.10) Cereals (HS: 10.01, 10.02, 10.03, 10.04, 10.05, 10.07 and 10.08) Oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, miscellaneous grains, seeds and fruit (HS: 12.01, 12.02, 12.05, 12.06, 12.07 and 12.12) 	06/11/2022

		 Animal fats and oils (HS: 15.01, 15.02 and 15.06) Revision of the Specifications and Standards for Foods, Food Additives, Etc. under the Food Sanitation Act (revision of agricultural chemical residue standards). Proposal of maximum residue limits (MRLs) for the following agricultural chemicalPesticide: Penthiopyrad 	
<u>G/SPS/N/JPN/1101</u> 07/09/2022	Japan	•Meat and edible meat offal (HS: 02.01, 02.02, 02.03, 02.04, 02.05, 02.06, 02.07, 02.08 and 02.09)	
		•Fish and crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebrates (HS: 03.02, 03.03, 03.04, 03.06, 03.07 and 03.08)	
		 Dairy produce and birds' eggs (HS: 04.01, 04.07 and 04.08) Animal originated products (HS: 05.04) Edible vegetables and certain roots and tubers (HS: 	
		07.01, 07.02, 07.03, 07.04, 07.05, 07.06, 07.07, 07.08, 07.09, 07.10 and 07.14)	
		•Edible fruit and nuts, peel of citrus fruit (HS: 08.01, 08.02, 08.03, 08.04, 08.05, 08.06, 08.07, 08.08, 08.09, 08.10, 08.11 and 08.14)	
		•Coffee, tea, mate and spices (HS: 09.01, 09.02, 09.03, 09.04, 09.05, 09.06, 09.07, 09.08, 09.09 and 09.10)	
		•Cereals (HS: 10.01, 10.02, 10.03, 10.04, 10.05, 10.06, 10.07 and 10.08)	
		 Oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, miscellaneous grains, seeds and fruit (HS: 12.01, 12.02, 12.07, 12.10 and 12.12) Animal fats and oils (HS: 15.01, 15.02 and 15.06) 	
		Revision of the Specifications and Standards for Foods, Food Additives, Etc. under the Food Sanitation Act (revision of agricultural chemical residue standards). Proposed maximum residue limits (MRLs) for the following agricultural chemicalPesticide: Trifloxystrobin	
<u>G/SPS/N/JPN/1102</u> 07/09/2022	Japan	 Meat and edible meat offal (HS: 02.01, 02.02, 02.03, 02.04, 02.05, 02.06, 02.07, 02.08 and 02.09) Dairy produce and birds' eggs (HS: 04.01, 04.07 and04.08) Animal originated products (HS: 05.04) 	06/11/2022
		•Edible vegetables and certain roots and tubers (HS: 07.01, 07.02, 07.03, 07.04, 07.05, 07.06, 07.07, 07.08, 07.09, 07.10, 07.13 and 07.14)	
		•Edible fruit and nuts, peel of citrus fruit (HS: 08.01, 08.02, 08.04, 08.05, 08.06, 08.07, 08.08, 08.09, 08.10, 08.11 and 08.14)	
		• <i>Tea, mate and spices (HS: 09.02, 09.03, 09.04, 09.05, 09.06, 09.07, 09.08, 09.09 and 09.10)</i>	
		 Cereals (HS: 10.01 and 10.05) Oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, miscellaneous grains, seeds and fruit (HS:12.01, 12.05, 12.07, 12.10 and 12.12) 	
		 Animal fats and oils (HS: 15.01, 15.02 and 15.06) Preparations of vegetables, fruit, nuts or other parts of plants (HS: 20.02) 	
		Revision of the Specifications and Standards for Foods, Food Additives, Etc. under the Food Sanitation Act (revision of agricultural chemical residue standards). Proposal of maximum residue limits (MRLs) for the following agricultural chemicalPesticide: Flonicamid	
<u>G/SPS/N/JPN/1103</u> 07/09/2022	Japan	•Meat and edible meat offal (HS: 02.01, 02.02, 02.03, 02.04, 02.05, 02.06, 02.08 and 02.09) •Dairy produce (HS: 04.01)	

Animal originated products (HS: 05.04)
Edible vegetables and certain roots and tubers (HS: 07.02, 07.05, 07.07, 07.08, 07.09 and 07.10)
Edible fruit and nuts, peel of citrus fruit (HS: 08.01, 08.02, 08.05, 08.06, 08.07, 08.09, 08.10, 08.11 and 08.14)

•Mate and spices (HS: 09.03, 09.04, 09.05, 09.06, 09.07, 09.08, 09.09 and 09.10)

•Oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, miscellaneous grains, seeds and fruit (HS: 12.07)

•Animal fats and oils (HS: 15.01, 15.02 and 15.06)

Revision of the Specifications and Standards for Foods, Food Additives, Etc. under the Food Sanitation Act (revision of agricultural chemical residue standards). Proposed maximum residue limits (MRLs) for the following agricultural chemical Pesticide: Fenpyrazamine

G/SPS/N/GBR/21 07/09/2022 United

Kingdom

HS Code(s): 0709 60 10; 0710 80 51; 0802 21 00; 0802 22 00; 06/11/2022 0802 51 00; 0802 52 00; 0805 10; 0805 21; 0805 22; 0805 29; 0805 50 10: 0806 20: 0904 21 10: 0910, 1202 41 00: 1202 42 00; 1207 40 90; 2008 11 10; 2008 11 91; 2008 11 96; 2008 11 98; 2305 00 00; ex 0709 60 99 20; ex 0709 99 90 20; ex 0710 80 59 20; ex 0710 80 95 30; ex 0810 90 20 20; ex 0813 40 95 10; ex 0813 50 39 70; ex 0813 50 91 70; ex 0813 50 99 70; ex 0904 11 00 10; ex 0904 21 90 20; ex 0904 22 00 11; 19; ex 1106 30 90 40; ex 1208 90 00 20; ex 1302 32 90 ; ex 1404 90 00; ex 1515 90 99 20; ex 2005 99 10 10; 90; ex 2005 99 80 94; ex 2007 10 10 70; ex 2007 10 99 40; ex 2007 99 39 05; 06; ex 2007 99 50 33; ex 2007 99 97 23; ex 2008 19 12 30; ex 2008 19 13 20; ex 2008 19 19 30; ex 2008 19 92 30; ex 2008 19 93 20; ex 2008 19 95 20; ex 2008 19 99 30; ex 2008 97 12 15; ex 2008 97 14 15; ex 2008 97 16 15; ex 2008 97 18 15; ex 2008 97 32 15; ex 2008 97 34 15; ex 2008 97 36 15; ex 2008 97 38 15; ex 2008 97 51 15; ex 2008 97 59 15; ex 2008 97 72 15; ex 2008 97 74 15; ex 2008 97 76 15; ex 2008 97 78 15; ex 2008 97 92 15; ex 2008 97 93 15; ex 2008 97 94 15; ex 2008 97 96 15; ex 2008 97 97 15; ex 2008 97 98 15; ex 2008 99 99 11; ex 2008 99 99 19

The Official Controls (Import of High Risk Food and Feed not of Animal Origin) (Amendment) (England) Regulations 2022

The Official Controls (Import of High Risk Food and Feed of Non-Animal Origin) Amendment (Scotland) Regulations 2022

The Official Controls (Import of High Risk Food and Feed of Non-Animal Origin) (Amendment) (Wales) Regulations 2022

Retained Regulation 2019/1793 lays down rules concerning the temporary increase of official controls applicable to certain food and feed of non-animal origin entering Great Britain from the countries listed in that Regulation. This is due to the risk of contamination by aflatoxins, pesticide residues, dyes, preservatives. pentachlorophenol and dioxins bv microbiological contamination. The changes listed below have been subject to an assessment of the risks by the FSA and FSS and are science and evidence based. These assessments resulted in the proposed changes. This Regulation amends Annexes 1, 2and 2ato retained Regulation 2019/1793 by introducing the following changes: Annex 1

•Goji berries from China listed in Annex 1 for pesticide residues to be delisted.

•Dried grapes from Turkey listed in Annex I for Ochratoxin Ato be delisted.

•Pistachios from theUnited States listed in Annex 1 for Aflatoxins to be delisted.

•Decrease from 50% to 20% the frequency of identity and physical checks to be performed on hazelnuts and associated products from Georgia for Aflatoxins.

•Increase from 10% to 20% the frequency of identity and physical checks to be performed on okra from India for pesticide residues.

•Increase from 20% to 50% the frequency of identity and physical checks to be performed on black pepper from Brazil for Salmonella.

•Increase from 10% to 20% the frequency of identity and physical checks to be performed on peppers of the Capsicumspecies (other than sweet) from Thailand for pesticide residues.

•Increase from 10% to 20% the frequency of identity and physical checks to be performed on oranges from Turkey for pesticide residues.

•Increase from 5% to 20% the frequency of identity and physical checks to be performed on mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas), clementine, willkings similar citrus hybrids from Turkey for pesticide residues.

•Increase from 10% to 20% the frequency of identity and physical checks to be performed on sweet peppers from Turkey for pesticide residues.

•Increase from 20% to 50% the frequency of identity and physical checks to be performed on jackfruit from Malaysia for pesticide residues.

•Increase from 20% to 50% the frequency of identity and physical checks to be performed on peppers of theCapsicum species (other than sweet) from Uganda for pesticide residues in.

•Move groundnuts from China listed in Annex 2 to Annex 1 at 10% frequency of identity and physical checks for Aflatoxins. This represents a decrease in controls.

Move hazelnuts and associated products from Turkey listed in Annex 2 to Annex 1 at 5% frequency of identity and physical checks for Aflatoxins. This represents a decrease in controls.
Add groundnuts from Brazil to Annex 1 at 20% frequency of identity and physical checks for pesticide residues.

•Add lemons from Turkey at 20% frequency identity and physical checks for pesticide residues.

•Add peppers of the Capsicumspecies (other than sweet) from Turkey at 20% frequency of identity and physical checks for pesticide residues.

•Move groundnuts and associated products from Brazil listed in Annex 2 to Annex 1 at 10% frequency of identity and physical checks for Aflatoxins.

•Add betel leaves from Thailand to Annex 1 at 10% frequency identity and physical checks for Salmonella.

•TARIC sub-division for betel leaves from Thailand has been removed.

Annex 2 •Increase from 10% to 50% the frequency of identity and physical checks to be performed on Groundnuts and associated products from India for aflatoxins in Annex2, Table 1. •Increase from 20% to 50% the frequency of identity and physical checks to be performed on sesamumseeds from Sudan for Salmonella in Annex 2, Table 1.

•Increase from 20% to 50% the frequency of identity and physical checks to be performed on vine leaves from Turkey for pesticide residues in Annex 2, Table 1.

•Move betel leaves from Bangladesh listed in Annex 2a to Annex 2, Table 1 to 50% frequency of identity and physical checks forSalmonella. This represents new checks on a once prohibited product.

•Move sesamum seeds from Ethiopia listed in Annex 1 to Annex 2 at 50% frequency of identity and physical checks for Salmonella. This represents an increase in checks.

•Move peppers of the Capsicumspecies (sweet or other than sweet) from Sri Lanka listed in Annex I to Annex 2 at 50% frequency of identity and physical checks for Aflatoxins. This represents an increase in checks.

•Add sesamumseeds from Uganda to Annex 2, Table 1 at 20% frequency for physical and identity checks for Salmonella.

•TARIC sub-division for betel leaves from Bangladesh has been removed.

•TARIC sub-division for betel leaves from India has been removed.

•TARIC sub-division for guar gum from India has been removed.

•Add mixtures of spices to Annex 2, Table 2.