

Predpisy notifikované v Dohode o technických prekážkach obchodu (TBT WTO)
4. týždeň roku 2023

Číslo/Dátum	Notifikujúca strana	Charakteristika notifikácie	Pripomienková doba
G/TBT/N/CHL/620 23/01/2023	Chile	<p><i>Plaguicidas agrícolas</i></p> <p>Modifica Resolución N° 1.557, de 2014 del SAG que establece exigencias para la autorización de plaguicidas; Por medio de la Resolución 7128/2022 se introdujo cambios a la Resolución 1557/2014, "Que establece exigencias para la autorización de plaguicidas", la cual en lo sustantivo incorpora una opción más de evaluación y autorización de plaguicidas de uso agrícola, para aquellos que se han sometido al esquema de reconocimiento del proceso de registro o autorización de sustancia activa idéntica a un plaguicida ya autorizado por la autoridad competente en Estados Unidos de América o en la Unión Europea, agregando los requisitos y condiciones necesarias para optar al reconocimiento</p> <p>.La autorización de esos plaguicidas dada por el SAG bajo este mecanismo estará supeditada a que se mantenga vigente el registro o la autorización de la sustancia activa en los Estados Unidos de América o la Unión Europea.</p> <p>La opción de reconocimiento como opción ya estaba disponible en la normativa de autorización de los plaguicidas Semioquímicos (Resolución 2082/2022), y con esta modificación se hace extensiva a todos los plaguicidas regulados por la Resolución 1557/2014, según el principio de aplicabilidad.</p> <p>Las modificaciones a la Resolución del Servicio N° 1.557 de 2014 que establece exigencias para la autorización de plaguicidas, está disponible en la página web de la Biblioteca del Congreso Nacional https://bcn.cl/3b6k4</p>	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/ISR/1277 23/01/2023	Israel	<p><i>Food products in general (ICS code(s): 67.040)</i></p> <p>Protection of Public Health (Food) (Labelling of pre-packaged food that causes allergy or intolerance), 5783-2022;</p> <p>New proposed regulations published by the Ministry of Health named "Protection of Public Health (Food) (Labelling of pre-packaged food that causes allergy or intolerance), 5782-2023".</p> <p>This draft adopts the European method of labeling food allergens as required by "Protection of Public Health Law (Food) 5775-2015" and by "Israel's Economic Policy Law (Legislation Amendments for the Implementation of the Economic Policy for Budget years 2021 and 2022), 5781-2021" (notified in G/TBT/N/ISR/1218).</p> <p>The proposed regulations distinguish between the marking of the presence of an allergen in the final product, which originates from the intentional addition of an allergenic component during the food production, and the presence of an allergen in the final product which is not intentional and which originates from cross-contamination at any stage of the production chain, including raw material, transportation, storage, manufacturing, packaging, etc. The distinction between these two situations is expressed in the location of the marking on the label, so that an intentional addition will be expressed in a bold mandatory marking of</p>	24/03/2023

the allergenic component within and as part of the list of ingredients, while the unintentional presence of an allergen will be marked separately from the list of ingredients and next to it and indicated by the words "may contain".

In addition, it is proposed that these draft regulations will apply to food that causes allergies and also to food that causes intolerance, as customary in most developed countries.

It is proposed that in the first stage, the regulations will apply to pre-packaged food only, including raw materials that arrive packaged to catering businesses.

These regulations will also affect the gluten labeling regulations, which will be notified separately.

[G/TBT/N/ISR/1278](#)
23/01/2023

Israel

Food products in general (ICS code(s): 67.040)

24/03/2023

Protection of Public Health (Food) (Labeling of pre-packaged food without gluten) 5783-2022;

Now proposed regulations named "Protection of Public Health (Food) (Labeling of pre-packaged food without gluten) 5783-2022" announced by the Israel Ministry of Health. This draft will replace previous regulations named "Public Health Regulations (Food) (Gluten Labeling), 5756-1996". It will apply to labeling food that does not contain gluten and will require marking with the words 'gluten-free' or 'inherently gluten-free', as required by the draft. These new regulations are based on and similar to the European Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011 on the provision of food information to consumers.

This draft is part of a broader legislation that regulates the labeling requirements of pre-packaged food that causes allergy or intolerance, which will be notified separately.

[G/TBT/N/JPN/761](#)
23/01/2023

Japan

Pharmaceutical products (HS: 30)

22/02/2023

Partial amendment to the Minimum Requirements for Biological Products.

Partial amendment to The Public Notice on National Release Testing;

The Minimum Requirements for Biological Products will be amended as follows ; To add the standard for a vaccine product to be newly approved; "Nasally Live Attenuated Influenza Vaccine", "Adsorbed Diphtheria-purified Pertussis-tetanus-inactivated polio Haemophilus TYPE b Combined Vaccine". Partially amended to "Diphtheria Toxoid", "Adsorbed Diphtheria Toxoid", "Adsorbed Diphtheria Toxoid for Adult Use", "Adsorbed Diphtheria-tetanus Combined Toxoid", "Tetanus Toxoid", "Adsorbed Tetanus Toxoid", "Adsorbed Purified Pertussis Vaccine", "Adsorbed Diphtheria-purified Pertussis-tetanus Combined Vaccine", "Adsorbed Diphtheria-purified Pertussis-tetanus-inactivated polio (Sabin strain) Combined Vaccine", "Freeze-dried Haemophilus TYPE b Vaccine (Tetanus Toxoid Conjugate)", "Inactivated Polio Vaccine (Salk Vaccine)". To delete "Adsorbed Diphtheria-purified Pertussis-tetanus-inactivated polio (Salk Vaccine) Combined Vaccine".

The test for pH and test for abnormal toxicity ("test for freedom from abnormal toxicity") will be deleted from monographs for "Freeze-dried Inactivated Tissue Culture Hepatitis A Vaccine", "Freeze-dried Gas Gangrene

Antitoxin, Equine", "Freeze-dried Inactivated Tissue Culture Rabies Vaccine", "Freeze-dried Diphtheria Antitoxin, Equine", "Freeze-dried Habu Antivenom, Equine", "Freeze-dried Botulism Antitoxin, Equine", "Freeze-dried Mamushi Antivenom, Equine".

The Public Notice on National Release Testing will be amended as follows ; To add the standard for a vaccine product to be newly approved; "Nasally Live Attenuated Influenza Vaccine", "Adsorbed Diphtheria-purified Pertussis-tetanus-inactivated polio Haemophilus TYPE b Combined Vaccine". Partially amended to "Diphtheria Toxoid", "Adsorbed Diphtheria Toxoid", "Adsorbed Diphtheria Toxoid for Adult Use", "Adsorbed Diphtheria-tetanus Combined Toxoid", "Zoster Vaccine Recombinant, Adjuvanted", "Tetanus Toxoid", "Adsorbed Tetanus Toxoid", "Adsorbed Purified Pertussis Vaccine", "Adsorbed Diphtheria-purified Pertussis-tetanus Combined Vaccine", "Adsorbed Diphtheria-purified Pertussis-tetanus-inactivated polio (Sabin strain) Combined Vaccine", "Freeze-dried Haemophilus TYPE b Vaccine (Tetanus Toxoid Conjugate)", "Inactivated Polio Vaccine (Salk Vaccine)" "Freeze-dried Inactivated Tissue Culture Hepatitis A Vaccine", "Freeze-dried Gas Gangrene Antitoxin, Equine", "Freeze-dried Inactivated Tissue Culture Rabies Vaccine", "Freeze-dried Diphtheria Antitoxin, Equine", "Freeze-dried Habu Antivenom, Equine", "Freeze-dried Botulism Antitoxin, Equine", "Freeze-dried Mamushi Antivenom, Equine", "Human Anti-tetanus Immunoglobulin". Accordingly, the fee, criterion and quantity for National Release Testing of the above-mentioned vaccine will be partially amended. To delete "Adsorbed Diphtheria-purified Pertussis-tetanus-inactivated polio (Salk Vaccine) Combined Vaccine".

G/TBT/N/KEN/1374 23/01/2023	Kenya	<i>Microprocessor systems (ICS code(s): 35.160); IT applications in other fields (ICS code(s): 35.240.99)</i> DKS 2416-1.1:2023 Information technology — Learning, education and training — Computer hardware intended for eLearning — Specification. Part 1.1: Desktop computer; This Kenya Standard specifies the minimum requirement for desktop computer hardware necessary to support the effective use of IT in Learning, Education and Training (IT LET).	19/03/2023
G/TBT/N/KEN/1375 23/01/2023	Kenya	<i>Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary sciences, incl. scintigraphic apparatus, other electro-medical apparatus and sight-testing instruments, n.e.s. (HS code(s): 9018); Anaesthetic, respiratory and reanimation equipment (ICS code(s): 11.040.10)</i> DKS 2170-1:2022 Medical gases — Specification. Part: 1. Medical Oxygen; This Part 1 of KS 2170 prescribes the requirements and test methods for compressed medical oxygen intended for inhalation	19/03/2023
G/TBT/N/KEN/1376 23/01/2023	Kenya	<i>Microprocessor systems (ICS code(s): 35.160); IT applications in other fields (ICS code(s): 35.240.99)</i>	19/03/2023

		DKS 2416-1.2:2023 Information technology —learning, education, and training —Computer hardware intended for eLearning —Specification Part 1.2: Laptop computer This Kenya Standard specifies the minimum requirement for laptop computer necessary to support the effective use of IT in Learning, Education and Training(IT LET).	
G/TBT/N/KEN/1377 23/01/2023	Kenya	<i>Microprocessor systems (ICS code(s): 35.160); IT applications in other fields (ICS code(s): 35.240.99)</i> DKS 2416-1.3:2023 Information technology —learning, education, and training —Computer hardware intended for eLearning —Specification Part 1.3 Tablet computer; This Kenya Standard specifies the minimum requirement for tablet computers necessary to support the effective use of IT in Learning, Education and Training (IT LET).	19/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/759 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>(HS code(s): 120740); Plant growing (ICS code(s): 65.020.20)</i> DRS 415: 2023, Roasted sesame seeds —Specification; This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies the requirements, sampling and test methods for roasted sesame seeds from the varieties (Sesamum indicum L.) intended for human consumption.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/760 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Glass in building (ICS code(s): 81.040.20)</i> DRS 397-5: 2023, Use of glass in building —Part 5: Safety related to human impact; This Draft Rwanda Standard covers selection, handling, installation and manifestation of glass in buildings, subject to safety with respect to human impact of the occupants. This standard does not cover the following: a) glazing system including frameless glazing system; and b) patent glazing.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/761 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Glass in building (ICS code(s): 81.040.20)</i> DRS 397-4: 2023, Use of glass in building —Part 4: Fire and loading; This Draft Rwanda Standard covers selection and installation of glass in buildings, subject to wind loading, seismic loading and special considerations for fire-rated glass including its related materials. This standard does not cover the following: a) glazing system including frameless glazing system; and b) patent glazing.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/762 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Materials and articles in contact with foodstuffs (ICS code(s): 67.250)</i> DRS 558: 2023, Compostable drinking straws — Specification; This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies the requirements, sampling and test methods for compostable drinking straws. It covers drinking straws made from natural plant material, such a plant fibers or Corn PLA. It will also cover drinking straws made from papers.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/763 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Paper products in general (ICS code(s): 85.080.01)</i> DRS 556: 2023, Synthetic resin floorings —Code of practice;	24/03/2023

		<p>This Draft Rwanda Standard gives recommendations for the design and installation of in situ synthetic resin flooring used internally in buildings, where they are bonded to direct finished concrete slabs, fine concretescreeds and to existing concrete floors. The installation of resilient sports surfacing based on synthetic resins is not covered by this code of practice.</p>	
G/TBT/N/RWA/764 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<p><i>Paper products in general (ICS code(s): 85.080.01)</i> DRS 555: 2023, Painting of structures in aggressive chemical environment—Code of practice; This Draft Rwanda Standard provides guidelines in the selection of protective coating for painting of metallic, concrete and other types of surface of structures subjected to different chemical environment. It also briefly describes various types of coatings and the processes of surface preparation for painting.</p>	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/765 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<p><i>Insecticides (ICS code(s): 65.100.10)</i> DRS 557-1: 2023, Cockroach insecticides —Specification —Part 1: Bait formulations; This Committee Draft prescribes the requirements, sampling and test methods for bait formulations used as insecticides against cockroaches in public health settings.</p>	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/766 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<p><i>Paper products in general (ICS code(s): 85.080.01)</i> DRS 554: 2023, Painting of buildings—Code of practice; This Draft Rwanda Standard gives recommendations for good practice in initial painting and maintenance painting of buildings internally and externally, e.g. dwellings, offices, light industrial buildings, schools, hospitals, hotels and public buildings generally, in which decoration is a significant and often the major factor. It takes into account the need to protect many building materials against the weather or other forms of attack normally encountered. The coatings referred to in this code are principally of conventional type, as defined in A.2, but limited reference is made to specialist coatings (A.3) and factory-applied coatings (A.4). In respect of materials generally, the document does not cover in detail the wide and constantly increasing range available. Some materials have been excluded because of their obsolescence, limited or specialized usage or, in the case of newly-developed products, lack of experience of their performance in service. This document does not also cover: a) decorative processes and other work usually carried out by specialists; b) the particular requirements of listed or historic buildings c) lime wash and distemper coatings; d) preservative treatments for structural timber; e) coatings for fire protection; and f) general safety hazards of access for painting (Annex C). The recommendations made in the code are intended to facilitate achievement of standards of finish likely to be acceptable in most cases in the types of buildings, providing that the work of other trades has been completed to a satisfactory standard. Where especially high standards of finish are necessary, more elaborate processes and systems</p>	24/03/2023

than those described in the code might be necessary and should be specified accordingly.

G/TBT/N/RWA/767 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Cereals, pulses and derived products (ICS code(s): 67.060)</i> DRS 553: 2023, Fish seeds and fingerling — Requirements for certification; This Working Draft Standard specifies the certification requirements for the production of fish seed production, rearing, stocking, transport of fish seed and its monitoring. It includes requirements for eligible varieties/species, farm standards, farm inspections, laboratory standards, certificates, packaging and labelling, storage and transportation.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/768 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Fruits, vegetables and derived products in general (ICS code(s): 67.080.01)</i> DRS 552: 2023, Vegetable juices and nectars — Specification; This Working Draft Standard specifies the requirements, sampling and test methods for vegetable juices and nectars intended for direct human consumption or for further processing.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/769 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Meat and meat products (ICS code(s): 67.120.10)</i> DRS 551: 2023, Vegetable jams and jellies — Specification; This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies requirements, sampling and test methods for jam and jelly intended for direct human consumption. This standard does not apply to: a) products when indicated as being intended for further processing such as those intended for use in the manufacture of fine bakery wares, pastries or biscuits; b) products which are clearly intended or labelled as intended for special dietary uses; c) reduced sugar products or those with a very low sugar content; and d) products where the foodstuffs with sweetening properties have been replaced wholly or partially by e) food additive sweeteners.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/770 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Poultry and eggs (ICS code(s): 67.120.20)</i> DRS 550: 2023, Production, handling and transportation of eggs — Code of practice; This Working Draft applies to the primary production, sorting, grading, storing, and distribution of table eggs produced by domesticated chicken intended for human consumption.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/771 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Poultry and eggs (ICS code(s): 67.120.20)</i> DRS 549-1:2023, Code of good chicken husbandry practices for poultry — Part 1: Broiler and layers; This Working Draft specifies the general principles of good practice and minimum requirements for the production, handling, transportation and storage of chicken and its products within the farm, in the commercial or backyard rearing/farming of broiler and layer chickens for food use.	24/03/2023

G/TBT/N/RWA/772 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<p><i>Mineral materials and products (ICS code(s): 91.100.15)</i></p> <p>DRS 549: 2023, Natural stone test method — Determination of water absorption at atmospheric pressure;</p> <p>This Draft Rwanda standard specifies a method for determining the water absorption of natural stone –see DRS 515 for terminology and DRS 5278 for denomination -by immersion in water at atmospheric pressure.</p>	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/773 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<p><i>Road construction (ICS code(s): 93.080.10)</i></p> <p>DRS 542: 2023, Determination of slip resistance of pedestrian surfaces -Methods of evaluation;</p> <p>This Draft Rwanda standard specifies test methods for determining the slip resistance of surfaces used by pedestrians.</p> <p>NOTE It is also possible to use this document for measurements where persons might walk on trafficked areas.</p>	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/774 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<p><i>Mineral materials and products (ICS code(s): 91.100.15)</i></p> <p>DRS 541: 2023, Natural stone test methods — Determination of resistance to ageing by thermal shock;</p> <p>This Draft Rwanda standard specifies a method to assess possible changes of natural stones under the effect of sudden changes in temperature (thermal shock).</p>	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/775 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<p><i>Construction materials in general (ICS code(s): 91.100.01)</i></p> <p>DRS 540: 2023, Reaction to fire tests for building products —Building products excluding floorings exposed to the thermal attack by a single burning item;</p> <p>This Draft Rwanda standard specifies a method of test for determining the reaction to fire performance of construction products excluding floorings when exposed to thermal attack by a single burning item (SBI). The calculation procedures are given in Annex A. Information on the precision of the test method is given in Annex B. The calibration procedures are given in Annexes C and D, of which Annex C is a normative annex. NOTE This document has been developed to determine the reaction to fire performance of essentially flat products. The treatment of some families of products, e.g. linear products (pipes, ducts, cables etc.), can need special rules.</p>	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/776 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<p><i>Masonry (ICS code(s): 91.080.30)</i></p> <p>DRS 539: 202, Method of test for masonry — Determination of flexural strength;</p> <p>This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies a method for determining the flexural strength of small masonry specimens for the two principal axes of loading.</p> <p>Guidance is given on the preparation of the specimens, the conditioning required before testing, the testing machine, the method of test, the method of calculation and the contents of the test report.</p>	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/777 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<p><i>Masonry (ICS code(s): 91.080.30)</i></p> <p>DRS 538: 2023, Masonry units test methods — Determination of initial shear strength;</p> <p>This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies a method for determining the in plane initial shear strength of horizontal bed joints in masonry using a specimen tested in shear.</p>	24/03/2023

Guidance is given on the preparation of the specimens, the conditioning required before testing, the testing machine, the method of test, the method of calculation and the contents of the test report.

G/TBT/N/RWA/778 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Thermal insulation of buildings (ICS code(s): 91.120.10)</i> DRS 524: 2023, Masonry units test methods — Determination of thermal properties; This Draft Rwanda standards specifies procedures for the determination of thermal properties of masonry and masonry products.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/779 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Masonry (ICS code(s): 91.080.30)</i> DRS 536: 2023, Methods of test for masonry units — Determination of Dimensions; This Draft Rwanda standard specifies a method of determining the overall dimensions, thickness and combined thickness of shells and webs, depth of voids and plane parallelism of the bed faces of masonry units.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/780 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>(HS code(s): 27); Mineral materials and products (ICS code(s): 91.100.15)</i> DRS 529: 2023, Natural stone test methods — Determination of the breaking load at dowel hole; This draft Rwanda standard specifies a test method to determine the breaking load at the dowel hole of natural stones used for cladding or lining in building.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/781 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Mineral materials and products (ICS code(s): 91.100.15)</i> DRS 528: 2022, Natural stone test methods — Denomination criteria; This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies the criteria for the designation (Denomination criteria) of natural stone from raw material to finished products.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/782 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Thermal insulation of buildings (ICS code(s): 91.120.10)</i> DRS 524: 2023, Masonry units test methods — Determination of thermal properties; This Draft Rwanda standards specifies procedures for the determination of thermal properties of masonry and masonry products.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/783 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Spices and condiments (ICS code(s): 67.220.10)</i> DRS 548: 2023, Processed chili — Specification; This Working Draft Standard specifies the requirements, sampling and test methods for processed chili intended for direct human consumption excluding chilli oil and chilli sauce.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/784 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>SERVICES. COMPANY ORGANIZATION, MANAGEMENT AND QUALITY. ADMINISTRATION. TRANSPORT. SOCIOLOGY (ICS code(s): 03)</i> DRS 560: 2023, Gender equality — Requirements for promotion, implementation and accountability; This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies requirements for promoting, implementing and accounting for gender equality in all categories of organizations regardless of their location, size and field of activities. This document focuses on addressing gender inequalities existing between women and men; girls and boys.	24/03/2023

G/TBT/N/RWA/785 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Non-alcoholic beverages (ICS code(s): 67.160.20)</i> DRS 14: 2023, Carbonated soft drinks —Specification; This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies the requirements, sampling and test methods for carbonated soft drinks.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/786 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Cereals, pulses and derived products (ICS code(s): 67.060)</i> DRS 78: 2023, Cakes —Specification; This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies the requirements, sampling and test methods for cakes intended for human consumption. This standard applies to plain cake, fruit cake, sponge cake and speciality cake.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/787 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Non-alcoholic beverages (ICS code(s): 67.160.20)</i> DRS 79: 2023, Flavoured soft drinks —Specification 1.1 This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies the requirements, sampling and test methods for flavoured soft drinks. 1.2 This standard applies to soft drinks flavoured with fruits, plant parts or their extracts other than fruits, or other food flavourings (natural/synthetic). 1.3 This standard does not apply to soft drinks covered by specific individual standards	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/788 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Cereals, pulses and derived products (ICS code(s): 67.060)</i> DRS 101: 2023, Cookies —Specification; This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies the requirements, sampling and test methods for cookies intended for human consumption.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/789 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Cereals, pulses and derived products (ICS code(s): 67.060)</i> DRS 125: 2023, Fresh tofu —Specification; This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies requirements, sampling and test methods for fresh tofu intended for human consumption.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/790 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Prepackaged and prepared foods (ICS code(s): 67.230)</i> DRS 149: 2023, Cooked packaged beans—Specification; This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies the requirements, sampling and test methods for cooked packaged beans (<i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i> L.) intended for human consumption.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/791 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>(HS code(s): 1005); Prepackaged and prepared foods (ICS code(s): 67.230)</i> DRS 150: 2023, Cooked packaged maize—Specification; This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies the requirements, sampling and test methods for cooked packaged maize (<i>Zea mays indentata</i> L. and/or <i>Zea mays indurata</i> L. or their hybrids) intended for human consumption. This standard does not include corn-on-the-cob.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/792 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Cosmetics. Toiletries (ICS code(s): 71.100.70)</i> DRS 489-4:2023, Oils for cosmetic use—Specification Part 4: Castor oil; This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies the requirements, sampling and test methods for castor oil for cosmetic industry.	24/03/2023

G/TBT/N/RWA/793 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<p><i>Spices and condiments (ICS code(s): 67.220.10)</i></p> <p>DRS 169: 2023, Chilli oil —Specification</p> <p>This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies the requirements, sampling and test methods for chilli oil intended for human consumption.</p>	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/794 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<p><i>Processes in the food industry (ICS code(s): 67.020)</i></p> <p>DRS 184: 2023, Food Safety System based on Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points (HACCP) — Requirements for any organization in the Food Chain;</p> <p>This Draft Rwanda standard specifies the requirements for a food safety system based on HACCP as a systematic preventative system of controlling food safety hazards so as to ensure the safety of food at the time of human consumption. The requirements enable an organization:</p> <p>a) to plan, implement, maintain and update a HACCP based food safety system aimed at providing products that, according to their intended use, are safe for the consumer,</p> <p>b) to effectively communicate food safety issues to their suppliers, customers and relevant interested parties in the food chain,</p> <p>c) to ensure that it conforms to its stated food safety policy,</p> <p>d) to demonstrate such conformity to relevant interested parties, and</p> <p>e) to seek certification or registration of its HACCP based food safety system by an external organization, or make a self-assessment of conformity based on auditing technique and not on inspection or testing</p> <p>The standard applies to all food handling organizations, regardless of size, which produce, manufacture, handle or supply food involved in one or more steps of the food chain. This includes organizations directly involved but not limited to feed producers, farmers, harvesters, producers of ingredients, food manufacturers, retailers, food services, catering services, organizations providing cleaning, transportation, storage and distribution services and other organizations indirectly involved including, but not limited to, suppliers of equipment, cleaning agents and packaging material, and other food contact materials.</p>	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/795 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<p><i>Cosmetics. Toiletries (ICS code(s): 71.100.70)</i></p> <p>DRS 489-5: 2023, Oils for cosmetic use —Specification Part 5: Macadamia oil;</p> <p>This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies the requirements, sampling and test methods for macadamia oil for cosmetic industry.</p>	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/796 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<p><i>Cereals, pulses and derived products (ICS code(s): 67.060)</i></p> <p>DRS 288: 2023, Mixed dry beans —Specification;</p> <p>This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies requirements, sampling and test methods for mixed dry common beans (<i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i> Linn.) intended for human consumption.</p>	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/797 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<p><i>(HS code(s): 3808); Insecticides (ICS code(s): 65.100.10)</i></p> <p>DRS 465-4: 2023, Pyrethrum-based insecticides—Specification —Part 4: Sprays (Aerosol dispensers, AE);</p> <p>This Draft Rwanda Standard prescribes the requirements, sampling and test methods for pyrethrum-based insecticide formulation to be used as spray treatment (aerosol</p>	24/03/2023

		dispensers, AE) with the aim of protecting crops, animals or public health from insects' pest or vectors.	
G/TBT/N/RWA/798 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Cosmetics, Toiletries (ICS code(s): 71.100.70)</i> DRS 333: 2023, Herbal cosmetic products—General requirements; This Draft Rwanda Standard primarily provides general requirements for herbal cosmetic products aimed at ensuring the safety, efficacy and quality of these products for consumers. This document does not apply to cosmetic products intended to be used for medicinal purpose.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/799 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>(HS code(s): 22); Alcoholic beverages (ICS code(s): 67.160.10)</i> DRS 343: 2023, Banana Based Alcoholic Beverages (BBAB)—Specification This Rwanda Standard specifies the requirements, sampling and test methods for Banana Based Alcoholic Beverages. This standard does not apply to urwagwa, banana wine and plant flavoured alcoholic beverages	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/800 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Alcoholic beverages (ICS code(s): 67.160.10)</i> DRS 344: 2023, Plant flavoured alcoholic drinks — Specification; This Rwanda Standard specifies the requirements, sampling and test methods for plant flavoured alcoholic drinks.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/801 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Cereals, pulses and derived products (ICS code(s): 67.060)</i> DRS 350: 2023, Iron bio-fortified dry beans — Specification; This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies requirements, sampling and test methods for iron bio-fortified dry common beans (<i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i> L.) intended for human consumption	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/802 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Cereals, pulses and derived products (ICS code(s): 67.060)</i> DRS 389: 2023, Popcorn—Specification; This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies the requirements, sampling and test methods for popcorn of <i>Zea mays everta</i> variety intended for human consumption.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/803 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Cereals, pulses and derived products (ICS code(s): 67.060)</i> DRS 388: 2023, Roasted soybean flour —Specification; This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies the requirements, sampling and test methods for roasted soybean flour made from varieties (cultivars) grown from <i>Glycine max</i> (L.) Merr. intended for human consumption	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/804 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Spices and condiments (ICS code(s): 67.220.10)</i> DRS 371: 2023, Fresh garlic —Specification; This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies requirements, classification and sampling for fresh garlic. It applies to fresh garlic of varieties (cultivars) grown from <i>Allium sativum</i> var. <i>sativum</i> L. to be supplied fresh, semidry or dry to the consumer and to be used for industrial processing.	24/03/2023

G/TBT/N/RWA/805 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Animal and vegetable fats and oils (ICS code(s): 67.200.10)</i> DRS 370: 2023, Mayonnaise —Specification; This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies the requirements, sampling and test methods for mayonnaise intended for human consumption.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/806 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Sugar and sugar products (ICS code(s): 67.180.10)</i> DRS 369: 2023, Edible ice lollies —Specification; This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies the requirements, sampling and test methods for edible ice lollies intended for human consumption. It does not apply to ices from milk and milk products.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/807 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Cosmetics. Toiletries (ICS code(s): 71.100.70)</i> DRS 361: 2023, Herbal jelly —Specification; This Draft Rwanda Standard specifies the requirements, sampling and test methods for herbal petroleum jelly. It does not apply to products intended to be used for medicinal purpose.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/808 23/01/2023	Rwanda	<i>Spices and condiments (ICS code(s): 67.220.10)</i> DRS 359: 2023, Spirulina —Specification; This Rwanda Standard specifies the requirements, sampling and test methods for spirulina.	24/03/2023
G/TBT/N/UGA/1731 23/01/2023	Uganda	<i>Animal or vegetable fertilisers, whether or not mixed together or chemically treated; fertilisers produced by the mixing or chemical treatment of animal or vegetable products (excl. those in pellet or similar forms, or in packages with a gross weight of <= 10 kg) (HS code(s): 3101); Fertilizers (ICS code(s): 65.080)</i> DUS 1584:2023, Organic Fertilizer —Specification, Second edition This Draft Uganda Standard specifies requirements, sampling and test methods for organic fertilizers. Organic fertilizers are naturally available mineral sources that contain moderate amount of plant essential nutrients. They are capable of mitigating problems associated with synthetic fertilizers. They reduce the necessity of repeated application of synthetic fertilizers to maintain soil fertility. Organic fertilizers comprise a variety of plant-derived materials that range from fresh or dried plant material to animal manures and litters to agricultural by-products. The nutrient content of organic fertilizers varies greatly among source materials, and readily biodegradable materials make better nutrient sources. Nitrogen and phosphorus content is lower, often substantially lower, in organic fertilizers compared to chemical fertilizers. Commonly used organic fertilizers include composted animal manure, compost, sewage sludge, food processing wastes, and municipal biosolids. They improve soil health and release nutrients to soils gradually. Examples of naturally occurring organic fertilizers include manure, slurry, worm castings, peat, seaweed and guano. Green manure crops are also grown to add nutrients to the soil. Naturally, occurring minerals such as mine rock phosphate, sulfate of potash and limestone are also considered as Organic Fertilizers. Examples of manufactured organic fertilizers include compost, blood meal, bone meal and seaweed extracts. Other	24/03/2023

examples are natural enzyme digested proteins, fishmeal, and feather meal.

Organic fertilizers are considered an excellent source of nutrients, providing plants with vital vitamins, and soil acts as a medium between crops and fertilizers. Fertilizers can be divided into several types, depending on their components, shape, and various other properties.

Meat and bone meal is an industrial by-product obtained by treating animal carcasses with heat, removing the fat, and finally drying and mincing them. Due to the high levels of total nitrogen (8%), phosphorus (5%), and calcium (10%) in meat and bone meal, these organic matters can be considered as useful fertilizers for soil improvement. Manure is an organic fertilizer used for soil fertilization after animal waste decomposes due to bacteria and fungi. Composting manure takes a relatively long time. This decomposed manure is later used in agriculture to increase and promote soil productivity. Well-decomposed manure contains N (0.5%), P₂O₅ (0.3%), and K₂O (0.5%).

Manure is used as a fertilizer, improves soil productivity by providing practically all the elements needed by plants, but not always in the right amounts, and proportions. Slurry and solid manure are traditionally spread directly on the soil surface as fertilizers.

Organic fertilizers are an alternative to minimize the environmental pollution that may be due to excessive use of inorganic fertilizers.

Liquid fertiliser contains nutrient compounds that could be applied as plant enhancer and are used in foliar application, as it does not require soil medium and environmentally friendly. An organic liquid fertilizer can be produced from bio-wastes composting as it contains more organic nutrients that are essential to promote healthy plant growth.

[G/TBT/N/EU/947](#)
24/01/2023

European
Union

Biocidal products and treated articles treated with or incorporating biocidal products.

25/03/2023

Draft Commission Implementing Regulation approving ozone generated from oxygen as an active substance for use in biocidal products of product-types 2, 4, 5 and 11 in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council;

This draft Commission Implementing Regulation approves ozone generated from oxygen as an active substance for use in biocidal products of product-types 2, 4, 5 and 11. The opinions of the European Chemicals Agency can be found on its website (<http://echa.europa.eu/regulations/biocidal-products-regulation/approval-of-active-substances/bpc-opinions-on-active-substance-approval>).

[G/TBT/N/EU/948](#)
24/01/2023

European
Union

Biocidal products and treated articles treated with or incorporating biocidal products

25/03/2023

Draft Commission Implementing Regulation approving (13Z)-Hexadec-13-en-11-yn-1-yl acetate as an existing active substance for use in biocidal products of product-type 19 in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council;

This draft Commission Implementing Regulation approves (13Z)-Hexadec-13-en-11-yn-1-yl acetate as an

		active substance for use in biocidal products of product-type 19. The opinion of the European Chemicals Agency can be found on its website (http://echa.europa.eu/regulations/biocidal-products-regulation/approval-of-active-substances/bpc-opinions-on-active-substance-approval).	
G/TBT/N/ISR/1279 24/01/2023	Israel	<p><i>Cosmetics</i></p> <p>Pharmacists' Regulations (Cosmetics) 5783-2022; New draft regulations announced by Israel's Ministry of Health called "Pharmacists' Regulations (Cosmetics), 5783-2022".</p> <p>The proposed regulations aim to establish requirements and instructions for cosmetic products, while setting high and professional requirements for the production, marketing, and import that will ensure the safety, quality, and efficiency of and the protection of public health.</p>	25/03/2023
G/TBT/N/PAN/125 24/01/2023	Panama	<p><i>Productos Plásticos de un solo uso: Hisopos plásticos para el oído, Cobertores de plástico para ropa de lavandería, Empaques plásticos para huevos, Revolvedores de plástico desechables, Varillas plásticas para sostener globos, palillos plásticos para dientes, Carrizo de plásticos, Palillos cocktail de plástico, palillos plásticos para caramelos, Anillos para latas, Platos plásticos desechables</i></p> <p>Procedimiento de Evaluación de la Conformidad para la comercialización e importación de los artículos dispuestos en el artículo 8 de la Ley N°187 de 2 de diciembre de 2020. PROCEDIMIENTO PARA EL PRODUCTO IMPORTADO, PROCEDIMIENTO DE PRODUCTO NACIONAL.</p>	25/03/2023
G/TBT/N/TZA/889 24/01/2023	Tanzania	<p><i>Cereals (excl. maize [corn]) in grain or flake form or other worked grains, pre-cooked or otherwise prepared, n.e.s. (excl. flour, groats and meal, food preparations obtained by swelling or roasting or from unroasted cereal flakes or from mixtures of unroasted cereal flakes and roasted cereal flakes or swelled cereals and bulgur wheat) (HS code(s): 190490); General methods of tests and analysis for food products (ICS code(s): 67.050)</i></p> <p>AFDC 15 (771), Chevdo (cheuro) –Specification; This Tanzania Standard specifies safety and quality requirements, sampling and methods of test for Chevdo (cheuro) intended for human consumption. Note: also known as chevda, chidwa</p>	25/03/2023
G/TBT/N/TZA/890 24/01/2023	Tanzania	<p><i>Prepared foods obtained from unroasted cereal flakes or from mixtures of unroasted cereal flakes and roasted cereal flakes or swelled cereals (HS code(s): 190420); Cereals, pulses and derived products (ICS code(s): 67.060)</i></p> <p>AFDC 15(1930), Manda (Dough sheets) –specification; This Tanzania standard prescribes safety and quality requirements, sampling and tests method for Manda (dough sheets) intended for further processing to render it suitable for human consumption.</p>	25/03/2023
G/TBT/N/CAN/689 25/01/2023	Canada	<p><i>Telecommunications</i></p> <p>Consultation on RSS-199, Issue 4;</p>	29/03/2023

		<p>Notice is hereby given by the Ministry of Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada has amended the following standard:</p> <p>RSS-199 Issue 4, Broadband Radio Service (BRS) Equipment Operating in the Band 2500–2690 MHz, sets out the requirements for the certification of equipment used in the broadband radio service (BRS) operating in the frequency band 2500-2690 MHz.</p>	
G/TBT/N/ISR/1280 25/01/2023	Israel	<p><i>Air conditioners (HS code(s): 841510; 841581; 841582; 841590; 847960; 847989); (ICS code(s): 23.120)</i></p> <p>SI 994 part 1 -Air conditioners: Safety and operational requirements</p> <p>Section 30.201 of the existing Mandatory Standard, SI 994 part 1, dealing with the insulation against combustible fire sources in air conditioners, shall be declared voluntary. This declaration aims to remove unnecessary obstacles to trade and lower trade barriers.</p>	26/03/2023
G/TBT/N/KOR/1126 25/01/2023	Korea, Republic of	<p><i>Medical Devices</i></p> <p>Proposed partial amendments to the Regulations on Standard Specification of Medical Devices</p> <p>The proposed amendments to the Regulations on Standard Specification of Medical Devices are as follows:</p> <p>1) Establishment of Medical Device Standards-Establishment of new standards and specifications to ensure product safety and performance of 7 types of medical devices, including high-intensity focused Ultrasonic surgical systems and mammographic x-ray systems (stationary, analogue).</p> <p>2) Align With International Standards-Ensuring product performance and safety by applying the international standards (IEC, ISO) of test criteria and methods to 23 types of medical devices, including anaesthesia systems (gas) and incubators (infant).</p>	26/03/2023
G/TBT/N/KWT/631 25/01/2023	Kuwait, the State of	<p><i>All product fall under scope of "Synthetic Detergents – Household synthetic Detergent Powder." (ICS 71.100.40) surface active agents.</i></p> <p>"Synthetic Detergents –Household Synthetic Detergents Powder.";</p> <p>This Kuwait mandatory standard specifies requirement for household synthetic detergent powders, which are mainly intended for washing clothes and fabric.</p>	26/03/2023
G/TBT/N/LTU/48 25/01/2023	Lithuania	<p><i>PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS (HS code(s): 30)</i></p> <p>Draft Law of the Republic of Lithuania on Control of Certain Doping Substances on Amendment of Article 2, XIVP-1496(2);</p> <p>The draft law restricts production, processing, acquisition, wholesale or retail sale, storage, transportation within the state, import or export of certain doping substances (non-approved substances and anti-estrogenic substances) for sports purposes.</p>	26/03/2023
G/TBT/N/TUR/206 25/01/2023	Türkiye	<p><i>Wood Packaging Material</i></p> <p>Regulation Concerning The Subjection Of Wooden Package Materials To Heat Treatment Process And Their Marking;</p>	26/03/2023

The objective of this Regulation is to determine the necessary methods and basis in order to prevent the transmission and spreading of pest organisms through wooden package materials.

This Regulation covers principles regarding the heat treatment application and ISPM 15 marking and traceability marking on wooden packaging materials to be used in export, issuance of permit certificates, licensed businesses, non-permitted businesses, suppliers, users, HT/DH heat treatment furnace installation permit and marking apparatus sales permit, inspection and responsibilities of the businesses and the inspection of wooden packaging materials; in order to prevent the spread of harmful organisms carried with packaging materials made of wood. It covers the principles regarding only the production stages completed wooden packaging materials and the elimination of harmful organisms.

It introduces the security hologram application which is explained in Article 3 and 4.

As of 30/06/2024, countries selling products to Türkiye are required to include information on the wooden packaging materials they use with the product on the invoice. Or, the heat treatment graph/printout/report of the heat treatment application of the ISPM 15 mark on the wooden packaging material should be attached to the invoice of the exported product as it is explained in Article 8.

[G/TBT/N/JPN/762](#)
26/01/2023

Japan

Co-formulants (non-active substance used in agricultural chemicals)

27/03/2023

Draft Ministerial Order Establishing Cases Defined by Ministerial Order of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries and the Ministry of the Environment under Article 4, Paragraph (1), Item (xi) of the Agricultural Chemicals Regulation Act;

Co-formulants are used together with active substances in agricultural chemicals to stabilize effects of the active substances. To date, there has been no independent regulation on co-formulants, although their safety has been confirmed through acute toxicity studies with formulations of agricultural chemicals containing co-formulants.

In accordance with the report of the Agricultural Chemicals Committee of the Agricultural Materials Council at its thirty-first meeting on June 22nd, 2022 as to the phasing out of certain substances used as co-formulants in order to enhance safety of agricultural chemicals, the proposed Ministerial Order will prohibit the registration of agricultural chemicals containing more than 0.1% w/w of any of the following 33 substances (counted on the CAS number basis), application for which is submitted after October 1st, 2023: acrylamide (CAS no. 79-06-1), amosite (12172-73-5), benzene (71-43-2), benzo[a]pyrene (50-32-8), 1,3-butadiene (106-99-0), chrysotile (12001-29-5), crocidolite (12001-28-4), dibutyl phthalate (84-74-2), 1,2-dichloroethane (107-06-2), diisobutyl phthalate (84-69-5), N,N-dimethylformamide (68-12-2), disodium octaborate tetrahydrate (12280-03-4), epichlorohydrin (106-89-8), ethoxylated tallow alkylamines (61791-26-2), ethylene glycol monoethyl ether (110-80-5), ethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate (111-15-9),

ethylene glycol monomethyl ether (109-86-4), ethylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate (110-49-6), ethylene oxide (75-21-8), 1-ethylpyrrolidin-2-one (2687-91-4), formaldehyde (50-00-0), formamide (75-12-7), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic distillates (petroleum) (64742-52-5), hydrotreated neutral oil-based lubricating oils (petroleum) (64741-88-4, 72623-86-0 and 72623-87-1), N-methylformamide (123-39-7), nitrobenzene (98-95-3), 2-nitropropane (79-46-9), quinoline (91-22-5), sodium tetraborate (1330-43-4), sodium tetraborate decahydrate (1303-96-4) and sodium tetraborate pentahydrate (12179-04-3).

[G/TBT/N/URY/72](#)
26/01/2023

Uruguay

Aparatos eléctricos y electrónicos, y sus residuos.

27/03/2023

Proyecto de Reglamento para la Gestión Integral de Residuos de Aparatos Eléctricos y Electrónicos (RAEE)

El proyecto de reglamento tiene como objetivos proteger el ambiente y la salud frente a los efectos adversos derivados de la generación y gestión de residuos de aparatos eléctricos y electrónicos (RAEE). El proyecto establece el marco necesario para promover la reducción de la generación de dichos residuos, así como su valorización frente a la disposición final, a través de un enfoque de economía circular. El modelo conceptual de gestión propuesto aplica, por un lado, el principio de responsabilidad extendida (REP) al importador y/o fabricante, para aquellos AEE que por sus características o diseño son de uso indistinto en hogares, comercios, industrias u otras actividades económico-productivas. Por otro lado, se regirán bajo el principio de responsabilidad del generador aquellos AEE concebidos para usos especializados en actividades económico-productivas

[G/TBT/N/NZL/119](#)
27/01/2023

New Zealand

HS code 8543.40.00

28/03/2023

[The Proposals for the Smoked Tobacco Regulatory Regime –Public Consultation Document](#)
[The Smokefree Environments and Regulated Products \(Smoked Tobacco\) Amendment Act 2022](#)
[The Smokefree Environments and Regulated Products Regulations 2021](#)

Regulatory proposal 5 of the Smoked Tobacco Regulatory Regime proposes to extend vaping packaging and product restrictions, including restricting flavour names of vaping products to minimise their appeal to youth, and extending product safety requirements for disposable vaping products.

Restricting flavour names

We propose that the variant name on a vaping substance or its packaging must only be a description of the product's flavour, and that the flavour must be described using one or more flavours from permitted segments on a prescribed e-liquid flavour wheel, adapted for New Zealand from a published wheel.

Product safety requirements

We propose additional product safety requirements to mitigate safety concerns with single use vaping products, including user safety mechanisms, removable/replaceable batteries, substance container labelling, maximum nicotine

concentrations in non-refillable products and serial/batch numbers.

[G/TBT/N/USA/1960](#)
27/01/2023

United
States of
America

Per- and poly-fluoroalkyl substances (PFAS); Environmental protection (ICS code(s): 13.020); Domestic safety (ICS code(s): 13.120); Production in the chemical industry (ICS code(s): 71.020); Products of the chemical industry (ICS code(s): 71.100)

27/03/2023

Per- and Poly-Fluoroalkyl Chemical Substances Designated as Inactive on the TSCA Inventory; Significant New Use Rule;

Proposed rule -Under the [Toxic Substances Control Act \(TSCA\)](#), EPA is proposing a significant new use rule (SNUR) for those per- and poly-fluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) that have not been manufactured (including imported) or processed for many years and are consequently designated as inactive on the [TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory](#). PFAS are a group of chemicals that have been used in industry and consumer products since the 1940s because of their useful properties, such as water and stain resistance. Many PFAS break down very slowly and can build up in people, animals, and the environment over time. Exposure at certain levels to specific PFAS can adversely impact human health and other living things. Persons subject to the SNUR would be required to notify EPA at least 90 days before commencing any manufacture (including import) or processing of the chemical substance for a significant new use. Once EPA receives a notification, EPA must review and make an affirmative determination on the notification, and take such action as is required by any such determination before the manufacture (including import) or processing for the significant new use can commence. Such a review will assess whether the use may present unreasonable risk to health or the environment and ensure that EPA can prevent future unsafe environmental releases of the PFAS subject to this SNUR.