

**Predpisy notifikované v Dohode o technických prekážkach obchodu (TBT WTO)
22. týždeň roku 2023**

Číslo/Dátum	Notifikujúca strana	Charakteristika notifikácie	Pripomienková doba
G/TBT/N/BDI/356 30/05/2023	Burundi	<i>Liquid fuels (ICS code(s): 75.160.20)</i> DEAS 159: 2023 Engine oils —Specification; This Draft East African Standard specifies performance requirements, sampling and test methods for automotive type internal combustion engine oil meeting or exceeding API service category "SJ" for gasoline engines and "CH-4" for diesel engines This standard does not cover the chemical requirements for oils as these vary with the type of additive used in the formulation of a particular oil for a particular category.	29/07/2023
G/TBT/N/BDI/357 30/05/2023	Burundi	<i>Liquid fuels (ICS code(s): 75.160.20)</i> DEAS 1145: 2023 Automotive manual transmission gear oils Extreme Pressure (EP) —Specification; This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements, methods of sampling and test for automotive manual transmission (extreme pressure) gear oils. The standard only covers declares a minimum performance level of GL4.	29/07/2023
G/TBT/N/BDI/358 30/05/2023	Burundi	<i>Liquid fuels (ICS code(s): 75.160.20)</i> EAC DEAS 1146: 2023 Lubricating grease — Specification; This Draft East African Standard specifies performance requirements of four classes of lubricating grease, namely industrial non-extreme pressure, industrial high-performance extreme pressure, automotive non[1]extreme pressure, and automotive and multi-purpose extreme pressure, each in four consistency grades, and all of which can contain suspended solid lubricants.	29/07/2023
G/TBT/N/BDI/359 30/05/2023	Burundi	<i>Wood in the rough, treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives (excl. rough-cut wood for walking sticks, umbrellas, tool shafts and the like; wood in the form of railway sleepers; wood cut into boards or beams, etc.) (HS code(s): 440310); Wood-protecting chemicals (ICS code(s): 71.100.50)</i> DEAS 326: 2023, Copper/chromium/arsenic composition for the preservation of timber — Specification, Second edition; This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements for two types of water-borne preservatives containing mixtures of compounds of copper (II), chromium (VI) and arsenic (V).	29/07/2023
G/TBT/N/JOR/49 30/05/2023	Jordan	<i>Environment. Health protection. Safety (ICS code(s): 13); Electronics (ICS code(s): 31)</i> Draft Technical regulation on labelling requirement for electronic displays; 1. This Regulation establishes requirements for the labelling of, and the provision of supplementary product information on electronic displays, including televisions, monitors and digital signage displays. 2. This Regulation shall not apply to the following:	01/08/2023

- a.any electronic display with a screen area smaller than or equal to 100 square centimetres;
- b.projectors;
- c.all-in-one video conference systems;
- d.medical displays;
- e.virtual reality headsets;
- f.displays integrated or to be integrated into products listed in points 3(a) and 4 of Article 2 of Directive 2012/19/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council (8);
- g.electronic displays that are components or subassemblies of products covered by implementing measures adopted under Directive 2009/125/EC;
- h.broadcast displays;
- i.security displays;
- j.digital interactive whiteboards;
- k.digital photo frames;
- l.digital signage displays which meet any of the following characteristics:
 - 1.designed and constructed as a display module to be integrated as a partial image area of a larger display screen area and not intended for use as a standalone display device;
 - 2.distributed self-contained in an enclosure for permanent outdoor use;
 - 3.distributed self-contained in an enclosure with a screen area less than 30 dm² or greater than 130 dm²;
 - 4.the display has a pixel density less than 230 pixels/cm² or more than 3 025 pixels/cm²;
 - 5.a peak white luminance in standard dynamic range (SDR) operating mode of greater than or equal to 1 000 cd/m²;
 - 6.no video signal input interface and display drive allowing the correct display of a standardised dynamic video test sequence for power measurement purposes;
- m.status displays;
- n.control panels.

G/TBT/N/KEN/1429 30/05/2023	Kenya	<i>Cereals, pulses and derived products (ICS code(s): 67.060)</i> KS 2839-1:2023 Blended flour —Specification. Part 1: Maize and cassava blend This Kenya Standard specifies the requirements, methods of sampling and test for blended maize and cassava flour prepared from the grains of common maize (<i>Zea mays</i> L.) and cassava tubers (<i>Manihot esculenta</i> Crantz) or a mixture of flours thereof intended for human consumption.	29/07/2023
G/TBT/N/KEN/1430 30/05/2023	Kenya	<i>Cereals, pulses and derived products (ICS code(s): 67.060)</i> KS 2839-2:2023 Blended flour —Specification. Part 2: Maize and sorghum blend This Kenya Standard specifies the requirements, methods of sampling and test for blended maize and sorghum flour prepared from the grains of common maize (<i>Zea mays</i> L.) and sorghum grains (<i>Sorghum bicolor</i> (L) Moench.) or a mixture of their flour thereof intended for human consumption.	29/07/2023
G/TBT/N/KEN/1431 30/05/2023	Kenya	<i>Cereals, pulses and derived products (ICS code(s): 67.060)</i> KS 2839-3:2023 Blended flour —Specification. Part 3: Maize and millet blend; This Kenya Standard specifies the requirements, methods of sampling and test for blended maize and millet flour prepared from the grains of common maize (<i>Zea mays</i> L.)	29/07/2023

		and pearl millet of varieties (cultivars) "souna" and "sanio" grown from Pennisetum glaucum (L.) R.Br or finger millet grown from Eleusine coracana (L.) Gaertner or a mixture of their flour thereof intended for human consumption	
G/TBT/N/KEN/1432 30/05/2023	Kenya	<i>Cereals, pulses and derived products (ICS code(s): 67.060)</i> KS 2839-4:2023 Blended flour —Specification. Part 4: Wheat and Sweet Potato blend; This Kenya Standard specifies the requirements, methods of sampling and test for blended wheat and sweet potato flours prepared from the grains of common wheat (<i>Triticum aestivum</i> L.) and sweet potato chips (<i>Ipoemea batatas</i> .) or a mixture of their flour thereof intended for human consumption.	29/07/2023
G/TBT/N/KEN/1433 30/05/2023	Kenya	<i>Cereals, pulses and derived products (ICS code(s): 67.060)</i> KS 2839-5:2023 Blended flour —Specification. Part 5: Wheat and sorghum blend; This Kenya Standard specifies the requirements, methods of sampling and test for blended wheat and sorghum flour prepared from milling grains and /or products of common wheat (<i>Triticum aestivum</i> L.) and sorghum (<i>Sorghum bicolor</i> (L) Moench.) or a mixture of their flour thereof intended for human consumption	29/07/2023
G/TBT/N/KEN/1434 30/05/2023	Kenya	<i>(ICS code(s): 91.100.01)</i> KS 2129-2:2023 Tile adhesive for marble, granite, ceramic and porcelain –Part 2: Test methods.; This Standard specifies the methods for determining characteristics for adhesives used in internal and external installation of ceramic tiles.This Standard does not contain performance requirements or recommendations for the design and installation of ceramic tiles	29/07/2023
G/TBT/N/KEN/1435 30/05/2023	Kenya	<i>Construction materials in general (ICS code(s): 91.100.01)</i> KS 2129-1:2023 Tile adhesive for marble, granite, ceramic and porcelain –Part 1: Requirements, assessment and verification of constancy of performance, classification and marking.; This Kenya Standard is applicable to the following three types of adhesives for ceramic, marble, granite, and porcelain tiles, i.e. cementitious ones for internal and external tile installations, dispersion and reaction resin ones for internal tile installations, on walls and floors.	29/07/2023
G/TBT/N/KEN/1436 30/05/2023	Kenya	<i>Liquid fuels (ICS code(s): 75.160.20)</i> DEAS 159: 2023 Engine oils —Specification; This Draft East African Standard specifies performance requirements, sampling and test methods for automotive type internal combustion engine oil meeting or exceeding API service category "SJ"for gasoline engines and "CH-4" for diesel engines This standard does not cover the chemical requirements for oils as these vary with the type of additive used in the formulation of a particular oil for a particular category.	29/07/2023
G/TBT/N/KEN/1437 30/05/2023	Kenya	<i>Liquid fuels (ICS code(s): 75.160.20)</i> DEAS 1145: 2023 Automotive manual transmission gear oils Extreme Pressure (EP) —Specification;	29/07/2023

G/TBT/N/KEN/1438 30/05/2023	Kenya	This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements, methods of sampling and test for automotive manual transmission (extreme pressure) gear oils. The standard only covers declares a minimum performance level of GL4.	29/07/2023
G/TBT/N/KEN/1439 30/05/2023	Kenya	<p><i>Liquid fuels (ICS code(s): 75.160.20)</i></p> <p>EAC DEAS 1146: 2023 Lubricating grease — Specification;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies performance requirements of four classes of lubricating grease, namely industrial non-extreme pressure, industrial high-performance extreme pressure, automotive non[1]extreme pressure, and automotive and multi-purpose extreme pressure, each in four consistency grades, and all of which can contain suspended solid lubricants.</p>	29/07/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/867 30/05/2023	Rwanda	<p><i>Wood in the rough, treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives (excl. rough-cut wood for walking sticks, umbrellas, tool shafts and the like; wood in the form of railway sleepers; wood cut into boards or beams, etc.) (HS code(s): 440310); Wood-protecting chemicals (ICS code(s): 71.100.50)</i></p> <p>DEAS 326: 2023, Copper/chromium/arsenic composition for the preservation of timber — Specification, Second edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements for two types of water-borne preservatives containing mixtures of compounds of copper (II), chromium (VI) and arsenic (V).</p>	29/07/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/868 30/05/2023	Rwanda	<p><i>Liquid fuels (ICS code(s): 75.160.20)</i></p> <p>DEAS 159: 2023 Engine oils —Specification;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies performance requirements, sampling and test methods for automotive type internal combustion engine oil meeting or exceeding API service category "SJ" for gasoline engines and "CH-4" for diesel engines This standard does not cover the chemical requirements for oils as these vary with the type of additive used in the formulation of a particular oil for a particular category.</p>	29/07/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/869 30/05/2023	Rwanda	<p><i>Liquid fuels (ICS code(s): 75.160.20)</i></p> <p>DEAS 1145: 2023 Automotive manual transmission gear oils Extreme Pressure (EP) —Specification;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements, methods of sampling and test for automotive manual transmission (extreme pressure) gear oils. The standard only covers declares a minimum performance level of GL4.</p>	29/07/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/869 30/05/2023	Rwanda	<p><i>Liquid fuels (ICS code(s): 75.160.20)</i></p> <p>EAC DEAS 1146: 2023 Lubricating grease — Specification;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies performance requirements of four classes of lubricating grease, namely industrial non-extreme pressure, industrial high-performance extreme pressure, automotive non[1]extreme pressure, and automotive and multi-purpose extreme pressure, each in four consistency grades, and all of which can contain suspended solid lubricants.</p>	29/07/2023

G/TBT/N/RWA/870 30/05/2023	Rwanda	<p><i>Wood in the rough, treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives (excl. rough-cut wood for walking sticks, umbrellas, tool shafts and the like; wood in the form of railway sleepers; wood cut into boards or beams, etc.) (HS code(s): 440310); Wood-protecting chemicals (ICS code(s): 71.100.50)</i></p> <p>DEAS 326: 2023, Copper/chromium/arsenic composition for the preservation of timber — Specification, Second edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements for two types of water-borne preservatives containing mixtures of compounds of copper (II), chromium (VI) and arsenic (V).</p>	29/07/2023
G/TBT/N/TZA/970 30/05/2023	Tanzania	<p><i>Liquid fuels (ICS code(s): 75.160.20)</i></p> <p>DEAS 159: 2023 Engine oils —Specification;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies performance requirements, sampling and test methods for automotive type internal combustion engine oil meeting or exceeding API service category "SJ" for gasoline engines and "CH-4" for diesel engines This standard does not cover the chemical requirements for oils as these vary with the type of additive used in the formulation of a particular oil for a particular category.</p>	29/07/2023
G/TBT/N/TZA/971 30/05/2023	Tanzania	<p><i>Liquid fuels (ICS code(s): 75.160.20)</i></p> <p>DEAS 1145: 2023 Automotive manual transmission gear oils Extreme Pressure (EP) —Specification;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements, methods of sampling and test for automotive manual transmission (extreme pressure) gear oils. The standard only covers declares a minimum performance level of GL4.</p>	29/07/2023
G/TBT/N/TZA/972 30/05/2023	Tanzania	<p><i>Liquid fuels (ICS code(s): 75.160.20)</i></p> <p>EAC DEAS 1146: 2023 Lubricating grease — Specification;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies performance requirements of four classes of lubricating grease, namely industrial non-extreme pressure, industrial high-performance extreme pressure, automotive non[1]extreme pressure, and automotive and multi-purpose extreme pressure, each in four consistency grades, and all of which can contain suspended solid lubricants.</p>	29/07/2023
G/TBT/N/TZA/973 30/05/2023	Tanzania	<p><i>Wood in the rough, treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives (excl. rough-cut wood for walking sticks, umbrellas, tool shafts and the like; wood in the form of railway sleepers; wood cut into boards or beams, etc.) (HS code(s): 440310); Wood-protecting chemicals (ICS code(s): 71.100.50)</i></p> <p>DEAS 326: 2023, Copper/chromium/arsenic composition for the preservation of timber — Specification, Second edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements for two types of water-borne preservatives containing mixtures of compounds of copper (II), chromium (VI) and arsenic (V).</p>	29/07/2023
G/TBT/N/UGA/1772 30/05/2023	Uganda	<p><i>Liquid fuels (ICS code(s): 75.160.20)</i></p> <p>DEAS 159: 2023 Engine oils —Specification;</p>	29/07/2023

		<p>This Draft East African Standard specifies performance requirements, sampling and test methods for automotive type internal combustion engine oil meeting or exceeding API service category "SJ" for gasoline engines and "CH-4" for diesel engines. This standard does not cover the chemical requirements for oils as these vary with the type of additive used in the formulation of a particular oil for a particular category.</p>	
G/TBT/N/UGA/1773 30/05/2023	Uganda	<p><i>Liquid fuels (ICS code(s): 75.160.20)</i> DEAS 1145: 2023 Automotive manual transmission gear oils Extreme Pressure (EP) —Specification; This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements, methods of sampling and test for automotive manual transmission (extreme pressure) gear oils. The standard only covers declares a minimum performance level of GL4.</p>	29/07/2023
G/TBT/N/UGA/1774 30/05/2023	Uganda	<p><i>Liquid fuels (ICS code(s): 75.160.20)</i> EAC DEAS 1146: 2023 Lubricating grease — Specification; This Draft East African Standard specifies performance requirements of four classes of lubricating grease, namely industrial non-extreme pressure, industrial high-performance extreme pressure, automotive non[1]extreme pressure, and automotive and multi-purpose extreme pressure, each in four consistency grades, and all of which can contain suspended solid lubricants.</p>	29/07/2023
G/TBT/N/UGA/1775 30/05/2023	Uganda	<p><i>Wood in the rough, treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives (excl. rough-cut wood for walking sticks, umbrellas, tool shafts and the like; wood in the form of railway sleepers; wood cut into boards or beams, etc.) (HS code(s): 440310); Wood-protecting chemicals (ICS code(s): 71.100.50)</i> DEAS 326: 2023, Copper/chromium/arsenic composition for the preservation of timber — Specification, Second edition; This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements for two types of water-borne preservatives containing mixtures of compounds of copper (II), chromium (VI) and arsenic (V).</p>	29/07/2023
G/TBT/N/USA/2005 30/05/2023	United States of America	<p><i>oxic chemical substances; Environmental protection (ICS code(s): 13.020); Production in the chemical industry (ICS code(s): 71.020); Products of the chemical industry (ICS code(s): 71.100)</i> Updates to New Chemicals Regulations Under the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Proposed rule -The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is proposing amendments to the new chemicals procedural regulations under the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA). These amendments are intended to align the regulatory text with the amendments to TSCA's new chemicals review provisions contained in the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for the 21st Century Act, enacted on 22 June 2016, improve the efficiency of EPA's review processes, and update the regulations based on existing policies and experience implementing the New Chemicals Program. The proposal includes amendments that would reduce the need to redo all</p>	25/07/2023

or part of the risk assessment by improving information initially submitted in new chemicals notices, which should also help reduce the length of time that new chemicals notices are under review. EPA is also proposing several amendments to the regulations for low volume exemptions (LVEs) and low release and exposure exemptions (LoREXs), which include requiring EPA approval of an exemption notice prior to commencement of manufacture, making per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) categorically ineligible for these exemptions, and providing that certain persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic (PBT) chemical substances are ineligible for these exemptions, consistent with EPA's 1999 PBT policy.

G/TBT/N/BHR/664 31/05/2023	Bahrain, Kingdom of	<i>Danbo intended for direct consumption or for further processing. (ICS: : 67.100)</i>	30/07/2023
		<p>Danbo; This GSO draft technical regulation concerns the general requirements for Danbo intended for direct consumption or for further processing. Items related to requirements, packaging, transportation & storage and labelling are compulsory (Items 4, 7 & 8). Remaining items are voluntary.</p>	
G/TBT/N/BDI/360 31/05/2023	Burundi	<p><i>-Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: (HS code(s): 44031); Wood-protecting chemicals (ICS code(s): 71.100.50)</i></p> <p>DEAS 325: 2023, Wood preservatives and treated timber —Guide to sampling and preparation of wood preservatives and treated timber for analysis, Second Edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard gives guidance on the general procedures to be followed in the sampling and preparation for analysis of preservatives and preservative-treated timber. No attempt has been made here to define rigidly any detailed methodology to be followed in operations in these areas because this can depend upon the nature of the preservative, the method of treatment, and the particular requirements of relevant approval authorities. This Draft East African Standard is applicable to the provision of appropriate samples for analysis which may be used to check the content of active components in preservative formulations, and to determine the identity, location and concentration of preservatives in treated timber. The techniques described may be employed in a wide variety of applications ranging from laboratory research through to the checking of preservatives or preservative-treated timber for arbitration purposes. In most cases it is possible, by chemical analysis, to determine whether or not a sample of timber has received a preservative treatment and the results can often give an indication of the type of treatment the wood has received when due consideration is given to other relevant factors, such as timber species and heartwood/sapwood ratio, in the samples under test.</p>	30/07/2023
G/TBT/N/BDI/361 31/05/2023	Burundi	<p><i>Copper ores and concentrates. (HS code(s): 2603); Chromium ores and concentrates. (HS code(s): 2610); Arsenic (HS code(s): 280480); Chromium ores (ICS code(s): 73.060.30); Copper products (ICS code(s): 77.150.30)</i></p>	30/07/2023

		<p>DEAS 324: 2023, Copper/chromium/arsenic compositions for the preservation of timber —Method for timber treatment, Second Edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard prescribes procedures for treatment of timber using water borne copper/chromium/arsenic (CCA) preservative formulations. It does not specify details of treatment relating to specific end uses for which reference to the relevant commodity specification should be made.</p>	
<p>G/TBT/N/BDI/362 31/05/2023</p>	Burundi	<p><i>WOOD AND ARTICLES OF WOOD; WOOD CHARCOAL (HS code(s): 44); Wood, sawlogs and sawn timber (ICS code(s): 79.040), Wooden poles, cross-arms, blocks</i></p> <p>DEAS 322: 2023, Wood poles, cross-arms and blocks for power and telecommunication lines —Specification, Second Edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies materials and performance requirements for solid wood poles, cross-arms and blocks for power and telecommunication lines. This standard applies to poles of simple cantilever members subject to transverse loads only.</p>	30/07/2023
<p>G/TBT/N/BDI/363 31/05/2023</p>	Burundi	<p><i>Hygienic or pharmaceutical articles, incl. teats, of vulcanised rubber (excl. hard rubber), with or without fittings of hard rubber, n.e.s. (excl. sheath contraceptives and articles of apparel and clothing accessories, incl. gloves, for all purposes) (HS code(s): 401490); Other rubber and plastics products (ICS code(s): 83.140.99); Rubber teat; nipple; baby feeding bottle</i></p> <p>DEAS 1152: 2023, Rubber teat (nipple) for baby feeding bottle —Specification, First Edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements, sampling and test methods for rubber teat (nipple) for baby feeding bottle</p>	30/07/2023
<p>G/TBT/N/BDI/364 31/05/2023</p>	Burundi	<p><i>Moulds for rubber or plastics (other than injection or compression types) (HS code(s): 848079); Stationary containers and tanks (ICS code(s): 23.020.10); water storage tank</i></p> <p>DEAS 1151: 2023, Moulded polyethylene water storage tank —Specification, First Edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements, sampling and test methods for moulded polyethylene water storage tanks (closed and open top tank). This standard is not applicable to underground tanks, mobile water tanks and horizontal cylindrical water tanks.</p>	30/07/2023
<p>G/TBT/N/BDI/365 31/05/2023</p>	Burundi	<p><i>PLASTICS AND ARTICLES THEREOF (HS code(s): 39); Other rubber and plastics products (ICS code(s): 83.140.99); Plastic monobloc chair</i></p> <p>DEAS 1150: 2023, Plastic monobloc chair —Specification, First Edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements and test methods for the evaluation and selection of plastic monobloc chairs for adults. This standard does not cover chairs intended for children and bathroom use. This East African Standard allows for two levels of performance based on the end use of the chair, domestic or commercial. The forces used are sufficient to apply to chairs intended for adult use and also to ensure that a chair meets the minimum</p>	30/07/2023

requirements in its intended environment, but do not ensure that failure will not eventually occur either as a result of habitual misuse or after three years of service. With the exception of the seat and back loading point determination and the seat impact test, test results are dependent on the loads being correctly applied, therefore for the remaining tests, apparatus equivalent to that listed may be used. In the case of designs not catered for in the test procedures, the test should be carried out as closely as possible to that described and deviations from the test procedure noted on the test report. The strength and durability of the chair are determined by the application of static, impact and fatigue tests. The forces used are sufficient to allow for normal functional use. Strength and durability are detailed in Clause 4. The stability of the chair is determined by both the application of impact forces and by applying loads that could normally be encountered. Stability is detailed in Clause 5 and by tilting the chair to simulate normal functional use. The tests provide a procedure that will allow comparative analysis of the stability of various chairs under relatively fixed conditions. Chair stability is related to personal sitting habits, chair style, use conditions, floor finish and condition as well as design of the chair legs, which are variables complicating the fixing of minimum requirements. The minimum acceptance level is based on the weight and style of chair for both forwards and rearwards overturning.

[G/TBT/N/EU/984](#)
31/05/2023

European
Union

All products

29/08/2023

Proposal for a Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on substantiation and communication of explicit environmental claims (Green Claims Directive) (COM(2023) 166 final);

This proposal for a directive concerns voluntary environmental claims in business-to-consumer commercial communications. It sets out requirements for the substantiation and communication of voluntary environmental claims and labels on goods, services and organisations. It also sets out requirements for environmental labelling schemes. As such, the notified draft sets down technical regulations covering: terminology, symbols, packaging, marking and labelling requirements as they apply to a product, process or production method. The notified draft also introduces a procedure of ex-ante verification of the claim's fulfilment of the technical requirements, i.e. a conformity assessment.

[G/TBT/N/GHA/52](#)
31/05/2023

Ghana

Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-Based Air Conditioners

Public Notice-PHASING OUT OF THE IMPORTATION OF HYDROCHLOROFLUOROCARBON-BASED AIR CONDITIONERS IN GHANA

In partial fulfilment of Ghana's obligations to phase out the consumption of Hydrochlorofluorocarbon (HCFCs), mainly R22 under the Montreal Protocol, a Hydrochlorofluorocarbon Phase-out Management Plan (HPMP) was developed to guide the implementation of the phasing out process

G/TBT/N/TPKM/524 31/05/2023	Chinese Taipei	<p>oys (<i>HS code(s): 3213; 3307; 3407; 3824; 3918; 3923; 3924; 3926; 4006; 4016; 4202; 4823; 6114; 6211; 6306; 6307; 6506; 8306; 8414; 8472; 8505; 8516; 8543; 8715; 8806; 9208; 9404; 9503; 9504; 9505; 9506</i>)</p> <p>Proposal for Amendments to the Legal Inspection Requirements of Toys</p> <p>With a view to ensuring the safety of consumers, the Bureau of Standards, Metrology and Inspection (BSMI) is proposing to adopt the updated version of CNS and ISO 8124-1:2022 (Flying toys' section) as inspection standards. The conformity assessment procedures remains the same, i.e. Monitoring Inspection (MI), Registration of Product Certification (RPC) or Declaration of Conformity (DOC).</p>	30/07/2023
G/TBT/N/JOR/48 31/05/2023	Jordan	<p><i>Environment. Health protection. Safety (ICS code(s): 13); Electronics (ICS code(s): 31)</i></p> <p>Draft Technical regulation on ecodesign requirement for electronic displays;</p> <p>1. This Regulation establishes ecodesign requirements for the placing on the market and putting into service of electronic displays, including televisions, monitors and digital signage displays.</p> <p>2. This Regulation shall not apply to the following:</p> <p>a.any electronic display with a screen area smaller than or equal to 100 square centimetres;</p> <p>b.projectors;</p> <p>c.all-in-one video conference systems;</p> <p>d.medical displays;</p> <p>e.virtual reality headsets;</p> <p>f.displays integrated or to be integrated into products listed into Article 2,point 3(a) and point 4 of Directive 2012/19/EU;</p> <p>g.displays that are components or subassemblies of products covered by implementing measures adopted under Directive 2009/125/EC.</p> <p>3. The requirements in points A and B of Annex II shall not apply to the following displays:</p> <p>a.broadcast displays;</p> <p>b.professional displays;</p> <p>c.security displays;</p> <p>d.digital interactive whiteboards;</p> <p>e.digital photo frames;</p> <p>f.digital signage displays.</p> <p>4. The requirements in points A, B and C of Annex II shall not apply to the following displays:</p> <p>a.status displays;</p> <p>b.control panels.</p>	01/08/2023
G/TBT/N/JOR/50 31/05/2023	Jordan	<p><i>LAC; GUMS, RESINS AND OTHER VEGETABLE SAPS AND EXTRACTS (HS code(s): 13); MINERAL FUELS, MINERAL OILS AND PRODUCTS OF THEIR DISTILLATION; BITUMINOUS SUBSTANCES; MINERAL WAXES (HS code(s): 27); WORKS OF ART, COLLECTORS' PIECES AND ANTIQUES (HS code(s): 97)</i></p> <p>Draft Technical regulation on ecodesign requirement for refrigerating appliances;</p> <p>1. This Regulation establishes ecodesign requirements for the placing on the market of or the putting into service of electric mains-operated refrigerating appliances with a</p>	01/08/2023

		total volume of more than 10 litres and less than or equal to 1 500 litres.	
		2. This Regulation does not apply to: a.professional refrigerated storage cabinets and blast cabinets, with the exception of professional chest freezers; b.refrigerating appliances with a direct sales function; c.mobile refrigerating appliances; d.appliances where the primary function is not the storage of foodstuffs through refrigeration.	
G/TBT/N/KEN/1440 31/05/2023	Kenya	-Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: (HS code(s): 44031); Wood-protectingchemicals (ICS code(s): 71.100.50) DEAS 325: 2023, Wood preservatives and treated timber —Guide to sampling and preparation of wood preservatives and treated timber for analysis, SecondEdition; This Draft East African Standard gives guidance on the general procedures to be followed in the sampling and preparation for analysis of preservatives and preservative-treated timber. No attempt has been made here to define rigidly any detailed methodology to be followed in operations in these areas because this can depend upon the nature of the preservative, the method of treatment, and the particular requirements of relevant approval authorities.This Draft East African Standard is applicable to the provision of appropriate samples for analysis which may be used to check the content of active components in preservative formulations, and to determine the identity, location and concentration of preservatives in treated timber. The techniques described may be employed in a wide variety of applications ranging from laboratory research through to the checking of preservatives or preservative-treated timber for arbitration purposes. In most cases it is possible, by chemical analysis, to determine whether or not a sample of timber has received a preservative treatment and the results can often give an indication of the type of treatment the wood has received when due consideration is given to other relevantfactors, such as timber species and heartwood/sapwood ratio, in the samples under test.	30/07/2023
G/TBT/N/KEN/1441 31/05/2023	Kenya	<i>Copper ores and concentrates. (HS code(s): 2603); Chromium ores and concentrates. (HS code(s): 2610); Arsenic (HS code(s): 280480); Chromium ores (ICS code(s): 73.060.30); Copper products (ICS code(s): 77.150.30)</i> DEAS 324: 2023, Copper/chromium/arsenic compositions for the preservationof timber —Method for timber treatment, Second Edition; This Draft East African Standard prescribes procedures for treatment of timber using water borne copper/chromium/arsenic (CCA) preservative formulations.It does not specify details of treatment relating to specific end uses for which reference to the relevant commodity specification should be made.	30/07/2023
G/TBT/N/KEN/1442 31/05/2023	Kenya	WOOD AND ARTICLES OF WOOD; WOOD CHARCOAL (HS code(s): 44); <i>Wood, sawlogs and sawn timber (ICS code(s): 79.040), Wooden poles, ross-arms, blocks</i>	30/07/2023

		<p>DEAS 322: 2023, Wood poles, cross-arms and blocks for power and telecommunication lines—Specification, Second Edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies materials and performance requirements for solid wood poles, cross-arms and blocks for power and telecommunication lines. This standard applies to poles of simple cantilever members subject to transverse loads only.</p>	
<p>G/TBT/N/KEN/1443 31/05/2023</p>	Kenya	<p><i>Hygienic or pharmaceutical articles, incl. teats, of vulcanised rubber (excl. hard rubber), with or without fittings of hard rubber, n.e.s. (excl. sheath contraceptives and articles of apparel and clothing accessories, incl. gloves, for all purposes) (HS code(s): 401490); Other rubber and plastics products (ICS code(s): 83.140.99); Rubber teat; nipple; baby feeding bottle</i></p> <p>DEAS 1152: 2023, Rubber teat (nipple) for baby feeding bottle—Specification , First Edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements, sampling and test methods for rubber teat (nipple) for baby feeding bottle</p>	30/07/2023
<p>G/TBT/N/KEN/1444 31/05/2023</p>	Kenya	<p><i>Moulds for rubber or plastics (other than injection or compression types) (HS code(s): 848079); Stationary containers and tanks (ICS code(s): 23.020.10); water storage tank</i></p> <p>DEAS 1151: 2023, Moulded polyethylene water storage tank—Specification, First Edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements, sampling and test methods for moulded polyethylene water storage tanks (closed and open top tank). This standard is not applicable to underground tanks, mobile water tanks and horizontal cylindrical water tanks.</p>	30/07/2023
<p>G/TBT/N/KEN/1445 31/05/2023</p>	Kenya	<p><i>PLASTICS AND ARTICLES THEREOF (HS code(s): 39); Other rubber and plastics products (ICS code(s): 83.140.99); Plastic monobloc chair</i></p> <p>DEAS 1150: 2023, Plastic monobloc chair — Specification, First Edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements and test methods for the evaluation and selection of plastic monobloc chairs for adults. This standard does not cover chairs intended for children and bathroom use. This East African Standard allows for two levels of performance based on the end use of the chair, domestic or commercial. The forces used are sufficient to apply to chairs intended for adult use and also to ensure that a chair meets the minimum requirements in its intended environment, but do not ensure that failure will not eventually occur either as a result of habitual misuse or after three years of service. With the exception of the seat and back loading point determination and the seat impact test, test results are dependent on the loads being correctly applied, therefore for the remaining tests, apparatus equivalent to that listed may be used. In the case of designs not catered for in the test procedures, the test should be carried out as closely as possible to that described and deviations from the test procedure noted on the test report. The strength and durability of the chair are determined by the application of static, impact and fatigue tests. The forces used are sufficient to allow for normal functional</p>	30/07/2023

use. Strength and durability are detailed in Clause 4. The stability of the chair is determined by both the application of impact forces and by applying loads that could normally be encountered. Stability is detailed in Clause 5 and by tilting the chair to simulate normal functional use. The tests provide a procedure that will allow comparative analysis of the stability of various chairs under relatively fixed conditions. Chair stability is related to personal sitting habits, chair style, use conditions, floor finish and condition as well as design of the chair legs, which are variables complicating the fixing of minimum requirements. The minimum acceptance level is based on the weight and style of chair for both forwards and rearwards overturning.

G/TBT/N/KWT/633 31/05/2023	Kuwait, the State of	<i>Danbo intended for direct consumption or for further processing. (ICS: : 67.100)</i>	30/07/2023
		<p>Danbo; This GSO draft technical regulation concerns the general requirements for Danbo intended for direct consumption or for further processing. Items related to requirements, packaging, transportation & storage and labelling are compulsory (Items 4,7 & 8). Remaining items are voluntary.</p>	
G/TBT/N/RWA/871 31/05/2023	Rwanda	<p><i>-Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: (HS code(s): 44031); Wood-protecting chemicals (ICS code(s): 71.100.50)</i></p> <p>DEAS 325: 2023, Wood preservatives and treated timber —Guide to sampling and preparation of wood preservatives and treated timber for analysis, Second Edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard gives guidance on the general procedures to be followed in the sampling and preparation for analysis of preservatives and preservative-treated timber. No attempt has been made here to define rigidly any detailed methodology to be followed in operations in these areas because this can depend upon the nature of the preservative, the method of treatment, and the particular requirements of relevant approval authorities. This Draft East African Standard is applicable to the provision of appropriate samples for analysis which may be used to check the content of active components in preservative formulations, and to determine the identity, location and concentration of preservatives in treated timber. The techniques described may be employed in a wide variety of applications ranging from laboratory research through to the checking of preservatives or preservative-treated timber for arbitration purposes. In most cases it is possible, by chemical analysis, to determine whether or not a sample of timber has received a preservative treatment and the results can often give an indication of the type of treatment the wood has received when due consideration is given to other relevant factors, such as timber species and heartwood/sapwood ratio, in the samples under test.</p>	30/07/2023
G/TBT/N/RWA/872 31/05/2023	Rwanda	<p><i>Copper ores and concentrates. (HS code(s): 2603); Chromium ores and concentrates. (HS code(s): 2610); Arsenic (HS code(s): 280480); Chromium ores (ICS code(s): 73.060.30); Copper products (ICS code(s): 77.150.30)</i></p>	30/07/2023

		<p>DEAS 324: 2023, Copper/chromium/arsenic compositions for the preservation of timber —Method for timber treatment, Second Edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard prescribes procedures for treatment of timber using water borne copper/chromium/arsenic (CCA) preservative formulations. It does not specify details of treatment relating to specific end uses for which reference to the relevant commodity specification should be made.</p>	
<p>G/TBT/N/RWA/873 31/05/2023</p>	Rwanda	<p><i>WOOD AND ARTICLES OF WOOD; WOOD CHARCOAL (HS code(s): 44); Wood, sawlogs and sawn timber (ICS code(s): 79.040), Wooden poles, cross-arms, blocks</i></p> <p>DEAS 322: 2023, Wood poles, cross-arms and blocks for power and telecommunication lines —Specification, Second Edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies materials and performance requirements for solid wood poles, cross-arms and blocks for power and telecommunication lines. This standard applies to poles of simple cantilever members subject to transverse loads only.</p>	30/07/2023
<p>G/TBT/N/RWA/874 31/05/2023</p>	Rwanda	<p><i>Hygienic or pharmaceutical articles, incl. teats, of vulcanised rubber (excl. hard rubber), with or without fittings of hard rubber, n.e.s. (excl. sheath contraceptives and articles of apparel and clothing accessories, incl. gloves, for all purposes) (HS code(s): 401490); Other rubber and plastics products (ICS code(s): 83.140.99); Rubber teat; nipple; baby feeding bottle</i></p> <p>DEAS 1152: 2023, Rubber teat (nipple) for baby feeding bottle —Specification, First Edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements, sampling and test methods for rubber teat (nipple) for baby feeding bottle</p>	30/07/2023
<p>G/TBT/N/RWA/875 31/05/2023</p>	Rwanda	<p><i>Moulds for rubber or plastics (other than injection or compression types) (HS code(s): 848079); Stationary containers and tanks (ICS code(s): 23.020.10); water storage tank</i></p> <p>DEAS 1151: 2023, Moulded polyethylene water storage tank —Specification, First Edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements, sampling and test methods for moulded polyethylene water storage tanks (closed and open top tank). This standard is not applicable to underground tanks, mobile water tanks and horizontal cylindrical water tanks.</p>	30/07/2023
<p>G/TBT/N/RWA/876 31/05/2023</p>	Rwanda	<p><i>PLASTICS AND ARTICLES THEREOF (HS code(s): 39); Other rubber and plastics products (ICS code(s): 83.140.99); Plastic monobloc chair</i></p> <p>DEAS 1150: 2023, Plastic monobloc chair —Specification, First Edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements and test methods for the evaluation and selection of plastic monobloc chairs for adults. This standard does not cover chairs intended for children and bathroom use. This East African Standard allows for two levels of performance based on the end use of the chair, domestic or commercial. The forces used are sufficient to apply to chairs intended for adult use and also to ensure that a chair meets the minimum</p>	30/07/2023

requirements in its intended environment, but do not ensure that failure will not eventually occur either as a result of habitual misuse or after three years of service. With the exception of the seat and back loading point determination and the seat impact test, test results are dependent on the loads being correctly applied, therefore for the remaining tests, apparatus equivalent to that listed may be used. In the case of designs not catered for in the test procedures, the test should be carried out as closely as possible to that described and deviations from the test procedure noted on the test report. The strength and durability of the chair are determined by the application of static, impact and fatigue tests. The forces used are sufficient to allow for normal functional use. Strength and durability are detailed in Clause 4. The stability of the chair is determined by both the application of impact forces and by applying loads that could normally be encountered. Stability is detailed in Clause 5 and by tilting the chair to simulate normal functional use. The tests provide a procedure that will allow comparative analysis of the stability of various chairs under relatively fixed conditions. Chair stability is related to personal sitting habits, chair style, use conditions, floor finish and condition as well as design of the chair legs, which are variables complicating the fixing of minimum requirements. The minimum acceptance level is based on the weight and style of chair for both forwards and rearwards overturning.

G/TBT/N/OMN/494 31/05/2023	Oman	<p><i>Danbo intended for direct consumption or for further processing. (ICS: : 67.100)</i></p> <p>Danbo; This GSO draft technical regulation concerns the general requirements for Danbo intended for direct consumption or for further processing. Items related to requirements, packaging, transportation & storage and labelling are compulsory (Items 4,7 & 8). Remaining items are voluntary.</p>	30/07/2023
G/TBT/N/QAT/644 31/05/2023	Qatar	<p><i>Danbo intended for direct consumption or for further processing. (ICS: : 67.100)</i></p> <p>Danbo; This GSO draft technical regulation concerns the general requirements for Danbo intended for direct consumption or for further processing. Items related to requirements, packaging, transportation & storage and labelling are compulsory (Items 4,7 & 8). Remaining items are voluntary.</p>	30/07/2023
G/TBT/N/RUS/140 31/05/2023	Russian Federation	<p><i>Medicinal products</i></p> <p>Draft amendments to the Rules for marketing authorization and assessment of medicinal products for human use; The draft amendments to the Rules for marketing authorization and assessment of medicinal products for human use provide for the updating of the Rules for marketing authorization and assessment of medicinal products for human use with account of the experience of law enforcement of these Rules on the procedure for marketing authorization of medicinal products and bringing the registration dossier in line with the requirements of the Eurasian Economic Union.</p>	30/07/2023

G/TBT/N/RUS/141 31/05/2023	Russian Federation	<i>Veterinary medicines</i> Draft Decision of the Council of the Eurasian Economic Commission on Amendments to the Decision of the Council of the Eurasian Economic Commission of January 21, No. 1. The draft provide for ensuring a phased transition to the implementation of the Requirements for the labeling of medicinal products for human use and veterinary medicinal products, approved by the Decision of the Council of the Eurasian Economic Commission dated November 3, 2016 No. 76, the Rules of Good Manufacturing Practice of the Eurasian Economic Union, approved by the Decision of the Council of the Eurasian Economic Commission dated November 3, 2016 No. 77 by establishing transitional periods for subjects of circulation of veterinary medicines.	30/07/2023
G/TBT/N/RUS/142 31/05/2023	Russian Federation	<i>Roads, road-building materials and products</i> Draft Amendments No. 1 to the technical regulation of the Customs Union "On Road Safety" (CU TR 014/2011); -clarification of the scope of the CU TR 014/2011; -clarification of certain provisions of the CU TR 014/2011; -bringing technical regulation in accordance withthe Treaty on the Eurasian Economic Union of May 29, 2014	30/07/2023
G/TBT/N/RUS/143 31/05/2023	Russian Federation	<i>3004 (Medicinal products)</i> Draft amendments to the Rules for Conducting Bioequivalence Studies of Medicines in the Eurasian Economic Union; The draft decision envisages the updating of: a unified approach to the selection of a reference medicine; requirements for a bioequivalence based on a biopharmaceutical classification system taking into account 5 years of law enforcement practice, international experience and changes in bioequivalence research technologies for bioequivalence medicines	30/07/2023
G/TBT/N/SAU/1287 31/05/2023	Saudi Arabia, Kingdom of	<i>Danbo intended for direct consumption or for further processing. (ICS: : 67.100)</i> Danbo; This GSO draft technical regulation concerns the general requirements for Danbo intended for direct consumption or for further processing.Items related to requirements, packaging, transportation & storage and labelling are compulsory (Items 4,7 & 8). Remaining items are voluntary.	30/07/2023
G/TBT/N/TZA/974 31/05/2023	Tanzania	<i>-Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: (HS code(s): 44031); Wood-protectingchemicals (ICS code(s): 71.100.50)</i> DEAS 325: 2023, Wood preservatives and treated timber —Guide to sampling and preparation of wood preservatives and treated timber for analysis, SecondEdition; This Draft East African Standard gives guidance on the general procedures to be followed in the sampling and preparation for analysis of preservatives and preservative-treated timber. No attempt has been made here to define rigidly any detailed methodology to be followed in operations in these areas because this can depend upon the nature of the preservative, the method of treatment, and	30/07/2023

the particular requirements of relevant approval authorities. This Draft East African Standard is applicable to the provision of appropriate samples for analysis which may be used to check the content of active components in preservative formulations, and to determine the identity, location and concentration of preservatives in treated timber. The techniques described may be employed in a wide variety of applications ranging from laboratory research through to the checking of preservatives or preservative-treated timber for arbitration purposes. In most cases it is possible, by chemical analysis, to determine whether or not a sample of timber has received a preservative treatment and the results can often give an indication of the type of treatment the wood has received when due consideration is given to other relevant factors, such as timber species and heartwood/sapwood ratio, in the samples under test.

G/TBT/N/TZA/975 31/05/2023	Tanzania	<p><i>Copper ores and concentrates. (HS code(s): 2603); Chromium ores and concentrates. (HS code(s): 2610); Arsenic (HS code(s): 280480); Chromium ores (ICS code(s): 73.060.30); Copper products (ICS code(s): 77.150.30)</i></p> <p>DEAS 324: 2023, Copper/chromium/arsenic compositions for the preservation of timber —Method for timber treatment, Second Edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard prescribes procedures for treatment of timber using water borne copper/chromium/arsenic (CCA) preservative formulations. It does not specify details of treatment relating to specific end uses for which reference to the relevant commodity specification should be made.</p>	30/07/2023
G/TBT/N/TZA/976 31/05/2023	Tanzania	<p><i>WOOD AND ARTICLES OF WOOD; WOOD CHARCOAL (HS code(s): 44); Wood, sawlogs and sawn timber (ICS code(s): 79.040), Wooden poles, cross-arms, blocks</i></p> <p>DEAS 322: 2023, Wood poles, cross-arms and blocks for power and telecommunication lines —Specification, Second Edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies materials and performance requirements for solid wood poles, cross-arms and blocks for power and telecommunication lines. This standard applies to poles of simple cantilever members subject to transverse loads only.</p>	30/07/2023
G/TBT/N/TZA/977 31/05/2023	Tanzania	<p><i>Hygienic or pharmaceutical articles, incl. teats, of vulcanised rubber (excl. hard rubber), with or without fittings of hard rubber, n.e.s. (excl. sheath contraceptives and articles of apparel and clothing accessories, incl. gloves, for all purposes) (HS code(s): 401490); Other rubber and plastics products (ICS code(s): 83.140.99); Rubber teat; nipple; baby feeding bottle</i></p> <p>DEAS 1152: 2023, Rubber teat (nipple) for baby feeding bottle —Specification, First Edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements, sampling and test methods for rubber teat (nipple) for baby feeding bottle</p>	30/07/2023
G/TBT/N/TZA/978 31/05/2023	Tanzania	<p><i>Moulds for rubber or plastics (other than injection or compression types) (HS code(s): 848079); Stationary</i></p>	30/07/2023

containers and tanks (ICS code(s): 23.020.10); water storage tank

DEAS 1151: 2023, Moulded polyethylene water storage tank —Specification, First Edition;

This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements, sampling and test methods for moulded polyethylene water storage tanks (closed and open top tank). This standard is not applicable to underground tanks, mobile water tanks and horizontal cylindrical water tanks.

[G/TBT/N/TZA/979](#)
31/05/2023

Tanzania

PLASTICS AND ARTICLES THEREOF (HS code(s): 39); Other rubber and plastics products (ICS code(s): 83.140.99); Plastic monobloc chair 30/07/2023

DEAS 1150: 2023, Plastic monobloc chair — Specification, First Edition;

This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements and test methods for the evaluation and selection of plastic monobloc chairs for adults. This standard does not cover chairs intended for children and bathroom use. This East African Standard allows for two levels of performance based on the end use of the chair, domestic or commercial. The forces used are sufficient to apply to chairs intended for adult use and also to ensure that a chair meets the minimum requirements in its intended environment, but do not ensure that failure will not eventually occur either as a result of habitual misuse or after three years of service. With the exception of the seat and back loading point determination and the seat impact test, test results are dependent on the loads being correctly applied, therefore for the remaining tests, apparatus equivalent to that listed may be used. In the case of designs not catered for in the test procedures, the test should be carried out as closely as possible to that described and deviations from the test procedure noted on the test report. The strength and durability of the chair are determined by the application of static, impact and fatigue tests. The forces used are sufficient to allow for normal functional use. Strength and durability are detailed in Clause 4. The stability of the chair is determined by both the application of impact forces and by applying loads that could normally be encountered. Stability is detailed in Clause 5 and by tilting the chair to simulate normal functional use. The tests provide a procedure that will allow comparative analysis of the stability of various chairs under relatively fixed conditions. Chair stability is related to personal sitting habits, chair style, use conditions, floor finish and condition as well as design of the chair legs, which are variables complicating the fixing of minimum requirements. The minimum acceptance level is based on the weight and style of chair for both forwards and rearwards overturning.

[G/TBT/N/UGA/1776](#)
31/05/2023

Uganda

-Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: (HS code(s): 44031); Wood-protecting chemicals (ICS code(s): 71.100.50) 30/07/2023

DEAS 325: 2023, Wood preservatives and treated timber —Guide to sampling and preparation of wood preservatives and treated timber for analysis, Second Edition;

This Draft East African Standard gives guidance on the general procedures to be followed in the sampling and

preparation for analysis of preservatives and preservative-treated timber. No attempt has been made here to define rigidly any detailed methodology to be followed in operations in these areas because this can depend upon the nature of the preservative, the method of treatment, and the particular requirements of relevant approval authorities. This Draft East African Standard is applicable to the provision of appropriate samples for analysis which may be used to check the content of active components in preservative formulations, and to determine the identity, location and concentration of preservatives in treated timber. The techniques described may be employed in a wide variety of applications ranging from laboratory research through to the checking of preservatives or preservative-treated timber for arbitration purposes. In most cases it is possible, by chemical analysis, to determine whether or not a sample of timber has received a preservative treatment and the results can often give an indication of the type of treatment the wood has received when due consideration is given to other relevant factors, such as timber species and heartwood/sapwood ratio, in the samples under test.

G/TBT/N/UGA/1777 31/05/2023	Uganda	<p><i>Copper ores and concentrates. (HS code(s): 2603); Chromium ores and concentrates. (HS code(s): 2610); Arsenic (HS code(s): 280480); Chromium ores (ICS code(s): 73.060.30); Copper products (ICS code(s): 77.150.30)</i></p> <p>DEAS 324: 2023, Copper/chromium/arsenic compositions for the preservation of timber —Method for timber treatment, Second Edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard prescribes procedures for treatment of timber using water borne copper/chromium/arsenic (CCA) preservative formulations. It does not specify details of treatment relating to specific end uses for which reference to the relevant commodity specification should be made.</p>	30/07/2023
G/TBT/N/UGA/1778 31/05/2023	Uganda	<p><i>WOOD AND ARTICLES OF WOOD; WOOD CHARCOAL (HS code(s): 44); Wood, sawlogs and sawn timber (ICS code(s): 79.040), Wooden poles, cross-arms, blocks</i></p> <p>DEAS 322: 2023, Wood poles, cross-arms and blocks for power and telecommunication lines —Specification, Second Edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies materials and performance requirements for solid wood poles, cross-arms and blocks for power and telecommunication lines. This standard applies to poles of simple cantilever members subject to transverse loads only.</p>	30/07/2023
G/TBT/N/UGA/1779 31/05/2023	Uganda	<p><i>PLASTICS AND ARTICLES THEREOF (HS code(s): 39); Rubber and plastic industries (ICS code(s): 83)</i></p> <p>DUS 2671:2023, Post-consumer poly(ethylene terephthalate) (PET) bottle recyclates —Specification, First Edition;</p> <p>This Draft Uganda standard specifies requirements, sampling and test methods for post-consumer polyethylene terephthalate (PET) recyclates in the form of flakes and pellets</p>	30/07/2023

G/TBT/N/UGA/1780 31/05/2023	Uganda	<p><i>Hygienic or pharmaceutical articles, incl. teats, of vulcanised rubber (excl. hard rubber), with or without fittings of hard rubber, n.e.s. (excl. sheath contraceptives and articles of apparel and clothing accessories, incl. gloves, for all purposes) (HS code(s): 401490); Other rubber and plastics products (ICS code(s): 83.140.99); Rubber teat; nipple; baby feeding bottle</i></p> <p>DEAS 1152: 2023, Rubber teat (nipple) for baby feeding bottle —Specification , First Edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements, sampling and test methods for rubber teat (nipple) for baby feeding bottle</p>	30/07/2023
G/TBT/N/UGA/1781 31/05/2023	Uganda	<p><i>Moulds for rubber or plastics (other than injection or compression types) (HS code(s): 848079); Stationary containers and tanks (ICS code(s): 23.020.10); water storage tank</i></p> <p>DEAS 1151: 2023, Moulded polyethylene water storage tank —Specification, First Edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements, sampling and test methods for moulded polyethylene water storage tanks (closed and open top tank). This standard is not applicable to underground tanks, mobile water tanks and horizontal cylindrical water tanks.</p>	30/07/2023
G/TBT/N/UGA/1782 31/05/2023	Uganda	<p><i>PLASTICS AND ARTICLES THEREOF (HS code(s): 39); Other rubber and plastics products (ICS code(s): 83.140.99); Plastic monobloc chair</i></p> <p>DEAS 1150: 2023, Plastic monobloc chair —Specification, First Edition;</p> <p>This Draft East African Standard specifies requirements and test methods for the evaluation and selection of plastic monobloc chairs for adults. This standard does not cover chairs intended for children and bathroom use. This East African Standard allows for two levels of performance based on the end use of the chair, domestic or commercial. The forces used are sufficient to apply to chairs intended for adult use and also to ensure that a chair meets the minimum requirements in its intended environment, but do not ensure that failure will not eventually occur either as a result of habitual misuse or after three years of service. With the exception of the seat and back loading point determination and the seat impact test, test results are dependent on the loads being correctly applied, therefore for the remaining tests, apparatus equivalent to that listed may be used. In the case of designs not catered for in the test procedures, the test should be carried out as closely as possible to that described and deviations from the test procedure noted on the test report. The strength and durability of the chair are determined by the application of static, impact and fatigue tests. The forces used are sufficient to allow for normal functional use. Strength and durability are detailed in Clause 4. The stability of the chair is determined by both the application of impact forces and by applying loads that could normally be encountered. Stability is detailed in Clause 5 and by tilting the chair to simulate normal functional use. The tests provide a procedure that will allow comparative analysis of the stability of various chairs under relatively fixed conditions. Chair stability is related to personal sitting habits, chair style, use conditions, floor finish and</p>	30/07/2023

condition as well as design of the chair legs, which are variables complicating the fixing of minimum requirements. The minimum acceptance level is based on the weight and style of chair for both forwards and rearwards overturning.

[G/TBT/N/UKR/258](#)
31/05/2023

Ukraine

Medicinal products

30/07/2023

Draft Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine "On Amendments to the Procedure for State Quality Control of Medicinal Products Imported to Ukraine";

At the beginning of the imposition of martial law, the Government of Ukraine has established that a conclusion about the quality of imported medicinal products, including registered medicinal products in foreign packaging manufactured for the needs of foreign markets, that do not comply with the approved registration documents, may be issued, inter alia, without the mandatory availability of a document confirming that the conditions of manufacture of medicinal products comply with the requirements for the manufacture of medicinal products in Ukraine, except for active pharmaceutical ingredients (substances). At the same time, the confirmation of compliance of the manufacturing conditions of medicinal products with the GMP requirements in force in Ukraine was introduced to prove that medicinal products are constantly manufactured and controlled in accordance with quality standards that are appropriate for their intended use. According to Compilation of Community Procedures on Inspections and Exchange of Information (EC EMA/572454/2014) only a GMP inspector can assess the compliance of production with GMP requirements. In order to provide Ukrainian consumers with quality and safe medicinal products, the draft Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine cancels the possibility of issuing a conclusion about the quality of imported medicinal products without a document confirming that the conditions of production of medicinal products meet the requirements for the production of medicinal products in Ukraine, except for active pharmaceutical ingredients (substances).

[G/TBT/N/ARE/574](#)
31/05/2023

United Arab Emirates

Danbo intended for direct consumption or for further processing. (ICS: : 67.100)

30/07/2023

Danbo;

This GSO draft technical regulation concerns the general requirements for Danbo intended for direct consumption or for further processing. Items related to requirements, packaging, transportation & storage and labelling are compulsory (Items 4, 7 & 8). Remaining items are voluntary.

[G/TBT/N/YEM/251](#)
31/05/2023

Yemen

Danbo intended for direct consumption or for further processing. (ICS: : 67.100)

30/07/2023

Danbo;

This GSO draft technical regulation concerns the general requirements for Danbo intended for direct consumption or for further processing. Items related to requirements, packaging, transportation & storage and labelling are compulsory (Items 4, 7 & 8). Remaining items are voluntary.

S. No. 1: Aluminium conductors for overhead transmission purposes —Specification: Part 1Aluminium stranded conductors (as covered in IS 398: Part 1: 1996) 31/07/2023

HS Code 76149000

S. No. 2: Aluminium conductors for overhead transmission purposes -Specification: Part 2Aluminium conductors, galvanized steel -Reinforced (as covered in IS 398: Part 2: 1996)

HS Code 76141000 & 76042910

S. No. 3: Aluminium conductors for overhead transmission purposes Part 4Aluminium alloy stranded conductors (Aluminium -Magnesium -Silicon Type)-Specification (as covered in IS 398: Part 4: 1994)

HS Code 76149000

S. No. 4: Aluminium conductor for overhead transmission purposes -Specification: Part 5Aluminium conductors - Galvanized steel -reinforced for extra high voltage (400 kV and above) (as covered in IS 398: Part 5: 1992)

HS Code 76141000 & 76042910

Aluminium Conductors (Quality Control) Order, 2023;

Part-1:This standard covers the requirements and tests for aluminium stranded conductors used for overhead transmission purposes. It consists of terminologies (Stranded conductor, diameter of conductor, direction of lay, lay ratio), physical constraints for Hard drawn Aluminium (Resistivity, density, constant-mass temperature coefficient of resistance, coefficient of linear expansion), Material specification, Dimension and construction specification, Packing and marking, various tests requirements, etc.

Part-2:This standard covers the requirements and tests for aluminium conductors, galvanized steel-reinforced used for overhead power transmission purposes. It consist of Terminology (Aluminium Conductor, Galvanized Steel-Reinforced, Diameter, Direction of Lay, Lay Ratio), Physical Constants for hard-drawn aluminium (Resistivity, Density, Constant-mass Temperature coefficient of resistance, coefficient of linear expansion), Physical constants for galvanized steel wires (Density and coefficient of linear expansion), Materials specifications, Freedom from defects, Standard Sizes, specifications for joints in wires, Stranding, Length and variation in lengths, Packing and marking, Test requirements, Rejection and retest, etc.

Part-4:This standard covers the requirements and test for Aluminium alloy stranded conductors of the aluminium-magnesium-silicon type for overhead power transmission purposes. It consists of Terminology (Stranded conductor, Diameter, Direction of lay, layRatio and Heat-treatment batch), physical constants for aluminium alloy wires (Resistivity, Density and coefficient of linear expansion, constant-mass temperature coefficient), material specifications, Freedom from defects, Standard sizes, specification for joints in wires, Stranding, Length and variation in lengths, packing and marking, various test requirement, Rejection and retest, etc.

Part-5:This standard covers the requirement and tests for aluminium conductors, galvanized steel-reinforced used for extra high voltage overhead power lines (400 kV and above). It consists of terminology (type test, acceptance test,

routine test, conductor bundle and sub conductor), Physical constants for hard drawn aluminium (resistivity, density, constant-mass temperature coefficient of resistance, coefficient of linear expansion), physical constant for galvanized steel wires (density, coefficient of linear expansion), material specification, freedom from defects, standard sizes, specification for joints in wires, stranding, lengths and variation in lengths, packing and marking, various test requirements, Rejection and retests, etc.

[G/TBT/N/USA/2006](#)
01/06/2023

United
States of
America

Hazardous materials; Transport (ICS code(s): 03.220); Protection against dangerous goods (ICS code(s): 13.300); Products of the chemical industry (ICS code(s): 71.100) 31/07/2023

Hazardous Materials: Harmonization With International Standards;

Notice of proposed rulemaking -PHMSA proposes to amend the Hazardous Materials Regulations to maintain alignment with international regulations and standards by adopting various amendments, including changes to proper shipping names, hazard classes, packing groups, special provisions, packaging authorizations, air transport quantity limitations, and vessel stowage requirements.

[G/TBT/N/MEX/519](#)
02/06/2023

Mexico

Material remolcado (Código(s) de la ICS: 45.060.20) 01/08/2023
El Proyecto de Norma Oficial Mexicana tiene por objetivo establecer los parámetros de seguridad que debe de cumplir el Equipo Ferroviario de Arrastre, con el propósito de garantizar y preservar la seguridad operativa en el servicio de carga ferroviario

Proyecto de Norma Oficial Mexicana PROY-NOM-006-ARTE-2023, Sistema Ferroviario-Operación-Equipo de arrastre ferroviario al servicio de carga-Disposiciones de seguridad.;

El presente Proyecto de Norma Oficial Mexicana tiene por objetivo establecer los parámetros de seguridad que debe de cumplir el Equipo Ferroviario de Arrastre, con el propósito de garantizar y preservar la seguridad operativa en el servicio de carga ferroviario. Las disposiciones del presente Proyecto de Norma Oficial Mexicana son de aplicación para las empresas ferroviarias, concesionarias, permisionarias y asignatarias del servicio público de transporte ferroviario y de los servicios auxiliares, así como cualquier otra empresa particular, u organismo estatal o municipal autorizado para operar el Equipo Ferroviario de Arrastre.